G. R. S. 58]

Previous references.

S.R 52-92-i

191

(Sep. Rev)

File No. S 3 - 9

Serial Nos. 1 -

Later references.

S.R. 75-10 Pt. 1-5.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos.

Part B for June 01.

SUBJECT.

Cutting and removal of date leaves.

---

1. From The Ex Commr.

No. 2936/155 Dated 29-11-92

Submits for sanction and publication in the Gazette revised draft rules for the conservancy of date groves, to keep a check and issue of licenses for cutting date leaves.

GPB—3,500—21-7-14

From the Ex Comm.

No. 5103/31C Dt 16-4-93

Requesting to return the draft rule with husband's own corrections.

To the Ex Comm.

No. 18376 Dt 6-5-93

Returning the draft rules as per note above

From the Ex Comm.

No. 6200-296 Dt 31-8-93

Forwarding the revised draft notification for publication in the Gazette.

To the Ex Comm.

No. 1102-Ex.15-1 94

Approving the draft notification with certain modifications and requesting that a fresh draft should be prepared and in accordance with the changes made in the [illegible] Act.

From the Ex Comm.

No. 267-780 Dt. 12/13-9-94

Submitting the revised draft rules as desired for above together with a draft notification and the memorandum [illegible]

To the Ex Comm.
the Conservator of Forests.

No. 7856-57 Dt 2-3-96

Ex 234.

forwarding 2 notifications in English the

7 The amendments on the rules regulating the cutting and removal of date leaves and prescribing rules for the regulating the issue of licenses for the tapping of date trees for purpose of exportation and for proposals as to the form of license to be issued.

8. From the Ex Commr.
No. 3569/356 Dt 6-3-96
Submits his opinion on the 2 draft notifications referred to above

9. From the Ex Commr.
No. 3769/383 Dt 24-3-96
Suggests that certain additional rules about date trees in lands granted for coffee & Cinchona cultivation may be inserted in the notification under the Excise Act.

10. From The Conservator of Forests.
No. 2943/275 Dt 24-3-96.
Submits for sanction and notification a set of revised rules and forms as called for in Sl 7

11. To The Conservator of Forests.
No. 10203/Ft 691 Dt 20-5-96
Requests to report the result of the correspondence re. the proposed rules XV.

12. From the Conservator of Forests.

No. 1298/119 Dt 25-9-96

Submits copy of communication between himself and the Ex Commissioner.

13. From the Ex Comm^r.

No. 1848/95 Dt. 6-9-98

Solicits instructions as to whether the Tree-rent after Toddy yielding trees required to be tapped in the A. M. Stands by the licensees after Shops in the C. & M. Stations of Bangalore & Madras should be credited to Forest Dept or A. M. Department.

14. To the officer in ch: of A M. Stands
the Conservator of Forests.

No. 2431-2/Ex 108 Dt 20-9-98

Requests to submit their opinions on the question raised by the Ex Comm^r. in the above sl.

~~Here is collection for original~~

15 From the Ex Commissioner.

No. 2695/114 Dt 21-9-98

Submits for orders the particulars of Tree-rent of the trees tapped by the licensees of the Shops in the C & M. Stations of Bangalore and Madras P.C. to be credited to different departments to which the trees belong.

16 From the officer in ch of A M. Stands

No. 621. Dt 30-9-98

Furnishes the information called for in sl 14.

Sl 17. From the Conservator of Forests.
No. 1458/87 Dated 5-10-98
Furnishes the opinion called for in Sl 1 and forwards communications re-the credit of tree-rent of toddy trees to Fo

18. From the Conservator of Forests.
No. 1645/102 Dt 3-11-98
Submits copies of correspondence re-garding the credit in the tree rent of toddy yielding trees in all unoccupied govt. waste lands to 'Forest Revenue' for information.

19. To the Ex Comm.
The Officer in Chg. of A.M. Gardens.
The Conservator of Forests.
The Comptroller.
No. 6149-52/Ex 300 Dt 15-2-01
Directs that the tree-rent of the toddy yielding trees tapped in the A.M. Gardens should be credited to the same Department.

Sl To the Secy: Forest Deptt.
No. 6153/Ex 304 Dt 15-2-01
Forwards copy of the above.

20. To the Ex Comm.
The Conservator
The Comptroller
The Officer in Charge of the A.M. Gardens
No. 9447-50/Ex. Dt 25-5-01

Directs that the order of G.O. No. 9966-75/R798-93 Dated 21-12-93 should continue to be in force until further orders.

No. 9151 Dt 25-5-94 forwards copy of the above to the Secy: Forest Department.

21 From the Ex Commr.

No. No. 61156/408 Dt 8-6-94

Submits for approval the draft Notification as a circular memo, proposed to be issued for guidance, in Re. Tree-rent to be levied from and after the 1st July 94.

22 To the Ex Commr.
The Comptroller.
The Dy. Commrs of Districts.
Other Hd's of Depts.

No. 10352-92/Ex 7-9-94. Dt 29-6-94

Approves the draft of instructions proposed to be issued in the above.

J.V.R.

CHIEF SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

REVENUE BRANCH.

SERIAL No.

OFFICE NOTE.

SUBJECT. Rules for regulating the tapping of date trees in Govt Forests & Plantations, the cutting & removal of leaves from the trees &c.

LAST REFERENCE. Letter No. 62 CO / 396 dated 31st March 93 from the Excise Comr.

Vide No 2936/165 Dy 29th Nov/92

In Nov/92, the Excise Comr recommended the system of granting ---- individual licenses to the rope makers &c direct instead of letting in favor the fees leviable on date leaves, and submitted for approval draft rules on the subject.

2. In April 93, the Excise Comr brought to the notice of Govt that trees were found cut & removed from several date trees on the Ale Coss of the Coondana hill in the Devanhelli Taluk to make ropes, though in this Taluk "Kir Ekali" is plentiful and the ryots can make ropes, mats &c from it, and requested the early publication of the Rules on the subject.

Vide No 548 Dy 14th April 93
337

3. Again in the latter part of April 93, the Excise Comr submitted some

Vide No 563 Dy 22nd April 93.
349

observations from a book on the date palm of India regarding the restrictions to be placed upon the cutting of green date leaves, and requested the return of the draft Rules for making certain additions & alterations.

Serial No 39.

4 On complying with his request, he has now submitted for approval revised Rule on the subject.

Submitted for orders.

14/6/23 23/6/23

I have made a few pencil remarks & suggestions on the copy at 15/9

5 The draft Rules were approved by Govt subject to certain modifications noted therein and the Excise Comr was called upon to submit a modified draft embody-ing also such rules as the Excise Comr would frame-cicle for tapping and re-tapping of date trees.

6 The Excise Comr has now submitted a revised draft of Rules for tapping of date trees & cutting & removal of leaves from them and also another draft of Rules about the tapping of toddy, burdening trees and the drawing of toddy therefrom.

7. It is respectfully submitted that one set of Rules is said to have been framed under the provisions of the Forest Rules, while

vide Govt No 1104-E
RF 306-92
Dt 9-1-94
(page No 33)

+

Notification
No 2627-E
280
24 Jan 94

another is framed under the provisions of the Excise Act, though the subject matter in both is almost the same. In fact some of the provision are embodied in both the Rules. (Please see rule 2 of the printed Rules & Rules 7 & 8 of the other).

Vide in para 5 above (Paper No. 33).

8. In Excise Govt Proc No 110 x 42 / R. & 306-92 of 9th Jan'y 94 above referred to, the Excise Comr was requested to embody the Rules he would propose for tapping and retapping of date trees, in the Rules then modified and approved. The Excise Comr has not done so, probably perhaps he thought fit to frame separate Rules under the Excise Act instead of under the Forest Rules. If two separate sets of Rules are necessary, it is further

respectfully submitted for consideration & Orders.

whether it will not be a matter if one set under the Forest Rules confines itself to the cutting & removal of date leaves and dry date trees while the other under the Excise Act relates to the tapping of date trees.

~~[illegible]~~

y With reference to para 3 of the Excise Commissioner's letter suggesting that provisions similar to those proposed in ~~para~~ Rules 20, 21, 22, 23 & 24 (ordered to be omitted) may be appropriately made in the Rules under the Mysore Land Revenue Code, it is respectfully submitted that Rule XI of the Rules under the Land Revenue Code contains the necessary provision and may be given effect to by the Excise Commr. in communication with the Deputy Commissioners.

Submitted for orders.

15/2/95

Noted 26/2/95

Note Three [illegible] & issued to Excise Dept. [illegible]

The rate [illegible] Rules [illegible] file - [illegible]

Put up [illegible]

To Asst: & Potters' [illegible]

Date [illegible] sent

P- Proceedings: [illegible]

6/11/95

Office note.

Subject — Rules relative to tapping under the Excise Acts for ~~Date trees~~ Palmyras (Date Palmyra Cocoanut, Bagni)

Reference — Ex. Commrs. No. 2627-2802/18-1-94

I It is imperitively necessary to frame two sets of Rules:—

(1) Under the Excise Act for tapping Date Trees &c.

(2) Cutting & removal of date ~~trees~~ leaves, branches, trees &c. under the Forest Rules

II. The Excise Commr's draft (manuscript) may be ~~adopted~~ passed with the following alterations:—

(a) To para 3. after the words "Farmers ~~Depot~~ Depots" add "or Retail Shops"—

(b) To para 5. after the words "Spathes" add "in the case of Cocoanut, Palmyra & Bagani and ~~in the case~~ in the case of date trees the stem."—"

(C) In rule 7 strike out the 2nd sentence ~~question~~ and substitute the following:-

In the case of the Cocoanut, Palmyra & Bagani Palms, the spathe (or inflorescence) can be prepared to draw Toddy from, but the incision for the date tree must be made on the stem below the 4th node of the 4th frond or leaf, counting from the main shoot downwards. The node to be

adopted

adopted for the Mysore and Bombay systems respectively shall be as indicated in Mr. Mc Donell's printed directions and notes circulated to Dy. Commissioners.

(d) - In para 12 after the words "issued" add in the form appended and after the word "such" add "other form"

(e) Strike out Excise Commissioner and substitute the words "Government from time to time."

III As regards Forest items a suitable Rule [illegible] and amended put up.

IV. It is preferable for Govt. to sanction all rules especially those contained in Licenses. This is of primary importance particularly at the outset. There not of Licenses have therefore been drawn up embodying all that is practically required & put up.

A. To Excise
B. To Forest
C.

V It may be here added that all general principles necessary to indicate the special mode of giving effect to any scheme or subject should appear in the Rules of Govt. All subordinary rules & Rules to be given practical effect should be confined to the License & other Rules of practice instructions. Any changes necessary in the latter can thus be readily effected while the former should stand firm as a Rock.

VI A perusal of Govt. Printed Notes put up is solicited Orders are solicited

[signature]
I. A. S.

Draft prepared by the Conservator of Forests

Rule 11

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under the provisions of the Mysore Forest Rules published in Government of India Notification No. 588 F., dated the 8th June 1878, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja hereby sanction the following subsidiary rules for regulating ~~the tapping of date trees~~ in Government Forests, plantations and unoccupied Government waste lands, ~~the extracting of toddy therefrom~~, the cutting and removal of leaves from the trees, and for the conservancy of the trees.

1. Date groves for the purposes of Toddy Revenue shall be reserved, and in localities where no date trees exist, new plantations shall be raised under such instructions as may be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations in communication with the Excise Commissioner.

2. Toddy vend farmers to whom the date trees in Forests or Government Plantations are assigned, or their Agents and servants or employes, shall be entitled to enter them only for the purpose of tapping the trees and removing toddy therefrom.

3. The trees shall be tapped only by professional men. Immature trees that have stems less than three feet from the springing of branches, or trees which have not grown sufficiently well after the previous tapping, shall not be tapped. Provided that, in localities where the trees are stunted in growth, an exception may be made by the Deputy Commissioner, the age of the trees being taken into consideration after due enquiry. Complete rest from tapping of all date trees in every alternate year, shall be strictly enforced.

4. Professional toddy drawers authorized to tap the trees, shall be provided with passes in such form as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner. The tapping and re-tapping shall be carried out in such manner, and under such rules as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner.

5. In localities where date groves are in excess of the demand for toddy, or they may not be required elsewhere for the supply of toddy, or where, "Kir Ichal" (Phaenix-farinifera) is not available, cultivating raiyats who are not professional rope-makers, basket-makers or mat-makers, may be allowed *free* the use of date leaves required for making ropes, or for other *bonâ-fide* agricultural purposes.

6. In localities specified by the Deputy Commissioner, the manufacturers of jaggory paying the Mohatarfa tax, may be permitted to remove dry date leaves for fuel, *free of charge*.

7. No leaves shall be cut for purposes specified in the above rules 5 and 6, except under licenses granted, *free of cost*, by the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

8. Professional rope-makers, basket-makers and mat-makers may be granted licenses for date leaves, upon the payment of fees according to the following scale, *viz*:—

	Rs.
For six months or less ...	2
For more than 6 months or the entire year	4

Provided, that no such licenses shall be granted in localities where "Kir Ichal" is available for making baskets, mats, &c., or where date trees are scarce or not more than sufficient for the purposes of Toddy revenue.

9. The fees payable under rule 8, shall be paid to, and the licenses obtained from, the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

10. The licenses granted under rules 7 and 8, shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the Inspector General of Forests, and shall specify the number of head or cart-loads permitted to be removed at a time during the period for which the licenses are granted; and it shall be discretionary with the officer granting the licenses, to fix the number of head or cart-loads to be entered in each license, with reference to the requirements in each case. The licenses shall not be transferable, and no person other than the license-holder or his *bonâ-fide* servant or a member of his family living with him, shall cut date leaves under the license; and the licenses shall be produced for inspection whenever required by any Revenue, Excise, Forest or Police Officer or Village Patel, and they shall be returned to the Amildar immediately on the expiration of the period mentioned therein.

11. In the cutting of date leaves under the above licenses, the following rules shall be observed:—

(1) The leaves shall be removed from such groves as may from time to time be named by the Deputy Commissioner with due regard to the requirements of Toddy farmers.

(2) No leaves shall be cut from any trees from which toddy is being actually drawn.

(3) No leaves shall be cut from young immature trees the trunks of which are less than two yards in height from the ground to the springing of the branches.

(4) No leaves shall be cut except from trees in such groves as may be specified in the license.

(5) Only two leaves from each of such trees shall be removed.

(6) The four tender leaves including the central shoot, shall never be removed.

~~12.~~ In localities where fuel is scarce, raiyats may be permitted to take dry date leaves and dead wood, *free*, for *bond-fide* private use, but not for sale.

~~13.~~ In localities where other wood is not available, and where it is customary to use dead date wood for building purposes, raiyats may obtain for building purposes date trees not fit for tapping under paid licenses granted by the Deputy Commissioner, or such other officer as may be empowered by him on this behalf, on the same terms as are applicable to other kinds of jungle wood.

~~14.~~ At seasons of famine, scarcity or drought, raiyats may be allowed to cut date leaves as fodder for cattle, in such groves as may not be reserved for the supply of toddy, subject to the provisions ~~contained in the above rule 11.~~

~~15.~~ Any breach of these rules or any of the conditions mentioned in the aforesaid licenses, shall subject the offender to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, or to the punishment laid down in Section 40 of the Forest Rules quoted above, and also to the forfeiture of any license granted under these rules.

~~16.~~ The foregoing rules shall not apply to the date trees standing in alienated villages, or in the lands in occupancy of raiyats, or to "Kir or Hul Ichal."

17. The fees leviable under these rules, shall not be let in farm.

18. The revenue derived from toddy shall be credited to Excise revenue, and the Revenue from leaves and wood belonging to the date trees in Forests and Government Plantations and unoccupied and unassessed Government waste lands, to the Forest

Revenue, the realizations from dead date wood in Government assessed waste lands, being credited to Land Revenue.

19. The officers of the Land Revenue, and of the Excise and Forest Departments, and all village officials are held responsible for the efficient carring out of these rules.

20. In Government villages or portions of such villages to which a survey settlement has not been introduced, the right to date trees in occupied lands, as well as in unoccupied lands, vests in Government.

21. Under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code, the Survey Settlement Officer shall, at the time of such settlement, reserve to Government all date trees in occupied lands, which, before the settlement, were being utilized for the supply of toddy.

22. No land containing more than one hundred date trees or plants, shall be given for cultivation without the previous consent of the Excise Commissioner.

23. When lands containing date trees, are given out for grazing purposes or otherwise, all the date trees shall be reserved to Government at the time of the grant of such lands, under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

24. The number of the trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be duly counted and recorded in the Taluk and Village accounts, as well as in the leases taken from, and Pattas granted to, the occupants.

25. The occupants of lands destroying or injuring the date trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be liable to prosecution under the Forest Rules.

26. The officers of the Forest Department and others concerned, shall conform to such rules of practice as may from time to time, be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the Forest Rules and these rules.

Mysore Govt. C. Press,—29-5-93.—12.

Lic: Form B for prospe

License for removal of date counter foil Leaves (Potails copy).

1. No. of license
2. Taluk
3. Village
4. (a) Name and address of licensee
   (b) Father's or uncle's name
(5). Profession of licensee
6. Quantity or Head load covered by the license
(7). Name of date gardens or vana from which leaves should be cut, Survey No.
8. Amount of fee levied
9. Time within which the license should be returned
10 Date
11 Potails name
12. Village

Amildor's Seal

Amildor of the Taluk of

License fo
Leaves (P
1. No of lic
2. Taluk
3. Village
4(a) Name an
(b) Father
(5) Professio
6 Quantity
by the licen
7. Name of a
from which
Survey No.
8 Amount of
9. Time wit
should be re
10. Date
11. Potails
12 Village

Amildor's Seal

A
A

Rul

1. This License is not transferable
— Holder or his bonâ fide servan
with him shall cut date leaves un
2. This License shall be produced
by any Patel, Shekdar, Po
shall be returned to the Au
Expiration of the period men
be carried in a tin case
person of the Licensee.
3. In the cutting of date
shall be observed: —
(a) No leaves shall be cut
Toddy is actually drawn
for the current year.
(b) No leaves shall be cut fr
trees, the trunks of which are
the ground to the springing of
(c) The Licensee shall not cut any

ial Mat-bushes, Sopes & Masters (Forest)

r removal of date
tails Copy).
nse

d address of licensee
or uncles name
of licensee
or Head load covered
se
ate leaves or Vana
leaves should be cut

fee levied
in which the license
turned

ame

il dar of the Taluk

License for removal of date
leaves. (Licensees Copy).
1. No of License
2. Taluk
3. Village
4 (a) Name and address of the licensee
(b) Fathers name or uncles name
5. Profession of Licensee
6. Quantity or Head Load covered by the Licensee
7. Name of the date leaves or Vana from which leaves should be cut Survey No.
(8) Amount of fee levied
(9) Time within which the license should be returned
10 Date
11. Potails name
12 Village

Amildar's Seal. Amildar of the Taluk of

—
5

and no person other than the license-
, or a member of his family, living
e the License
for inspection whenever required
forest
er or Excise officer, and it
ldar immediately on the e-
ired therein. The License shall
be, or bamboo tube on the e-

leaves, the following rules

from any trees from which
or which have been reserved

n any young & immature date
less than one yard in height from
the ~~ground~~ lops of leaves but there below the 5th leaves may be
freely removed as it
facilitates the
growth of the tree

~~Forest Rules~~ (Form)

...r removal of date ...

~~Patels copy~~)
(Licensees
License ...

... address of Licensee
...is or uncle's name
...n of Licensee
...ty or Head load covered
... License
...of date grooves or Vana
...which leaves should be cut
... No:
...l of fee levied
...within which the license
... be returned.

...'s name
...ge

Licence for removal of date Leaves
(~~Licensees copy~~ Patels copy).

1 No: of License
2 Taluk
3 Village
4(a) Name & address of the Licensee
(b) Father's or uncle's name.
5. Profession of Licensee
6. Quantity or Head load covered by the Licensee.
7 Name of date groves or Vana from which leaves should be Cut, survey No:
8 Amount of fee levied
9 Time within which the license should be returned.
10 Date
11 Patel's name
12 Village

Amildar of the Taluk
of _____

(Amildar's seal)

Amildar of the Taluk
of _____

...rnable and no person other than
...a fide servant, or a member of
... shall cut date leaves under

...duced for inspection whenever
...dar, Police, Forest or Excise officer, and
... Amildar immediately on
...d mentioned therein. The License
...Cane or bamboo tube on the person

...leaves, the following rules shall

...ut from any tree from which
... or which have been reserved for Thread,

...from any young & immature
...hich are less than one yard
...d to the springing of the 6th layer
...to 8th maybe freely removed as
...ire.

Specimen of the Grooves to be cut on the tree

Tapping Licence for removal of date leaves (Counterfoil)

1 Rev: of Licence
2 Taluk
3 Village
4(a) Name & address of Licencee
(b) Father's or uncle's name
(5) Profession of Licencee
6 Quantity or Head load, covered by the Licence
7. Name of date groves or Vana from which leaves should be cut, Survey No:
8 Amount of fee levied.
9. Time within which the licence should be returned.
10 Date
11 Patail's name
12 Village.

Amildar's Seal

Amildar of the Taluk of ——

Tapping Licence for removal of date leaves

1 Rev: of
2 Taluk
3 Villag
4(a) Nam
(b) Fat
5. Profess
6. Quant
by th
7. Name
from
leaves
8. Amou
9 Time
shoul
10 Date
11 Patai
12 Villa

Amildar's Seal

Rules

1 This Licence is not transfe
the Licence holder or his bro
his family living with him
this Licence.

2. This Licence shall be pro
required by any Patel, she
it shall be returned to the
the expiration of the perio
shall be carried in a tin
of the Licencee.

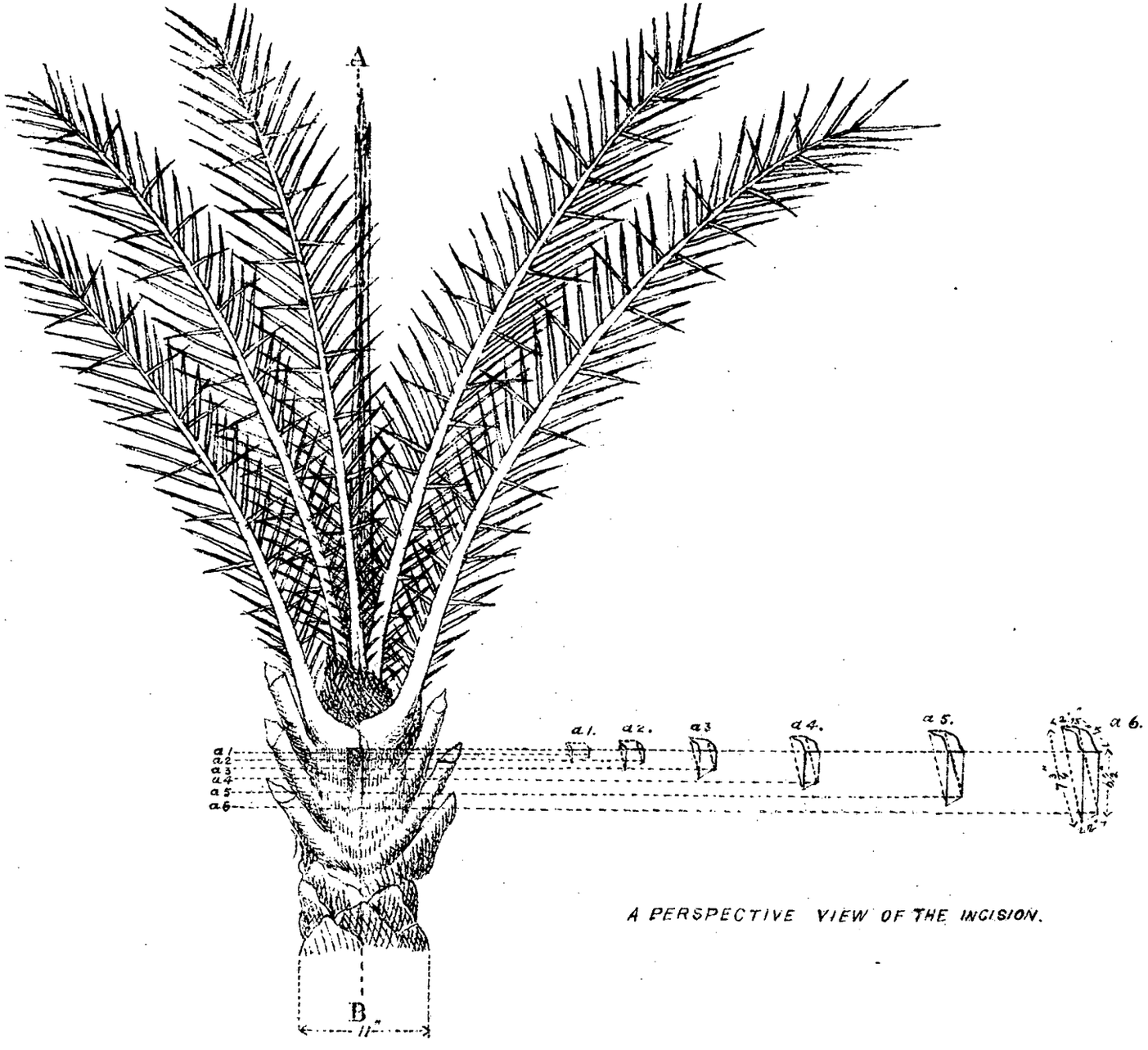
3. In the cutting of date
be observed: —
(a) No leaves shall be
Toddy is actually drawn
the ~~current~~ current year.
(b) No leaves shall be cut
date trees, the trunks of w
in height from the ground
of leaves. ~~But~~ those below

17

NOTES BY MR. J. C. McDONNELL,

SPECIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, DOING DUTY IN THE DEWAN'S OFFICE,

on the Bombay system of tapping date trees as contrasted with that pursued in Mysore with practical suggestions for adopting the former in this Province; as well as, on the best mode of obviating the Toddy being diluted by rain-fall.



A PERSPECTIVE VIEW OF THE INCISION.

Fig. I.

Circ. = 33"
Diam = 11"

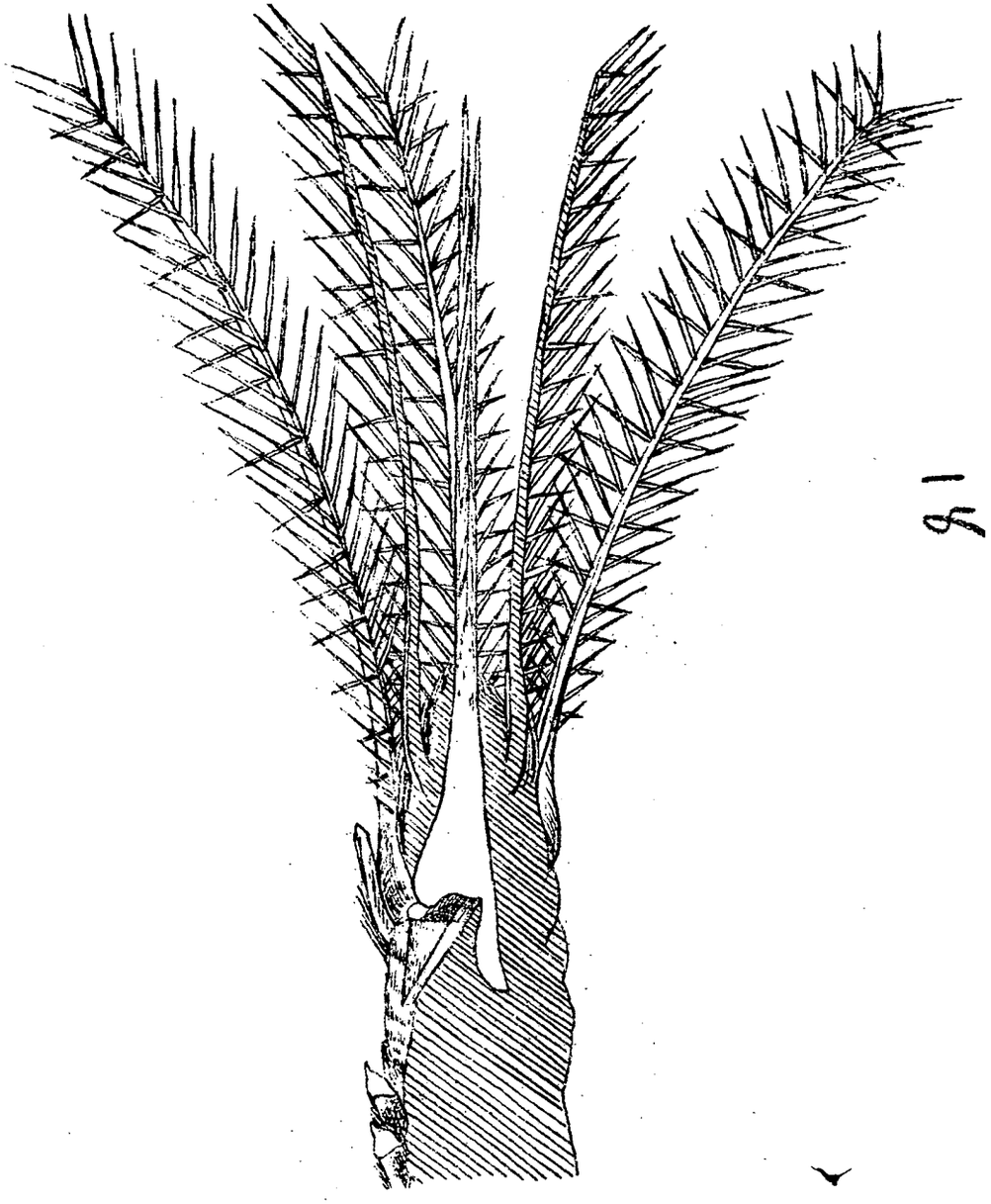


Fig. II.

A PERSPECTIVE VIEW OF SECTION THROUGH AB. Fig. I.
WITH INCISION.

PLATE I.

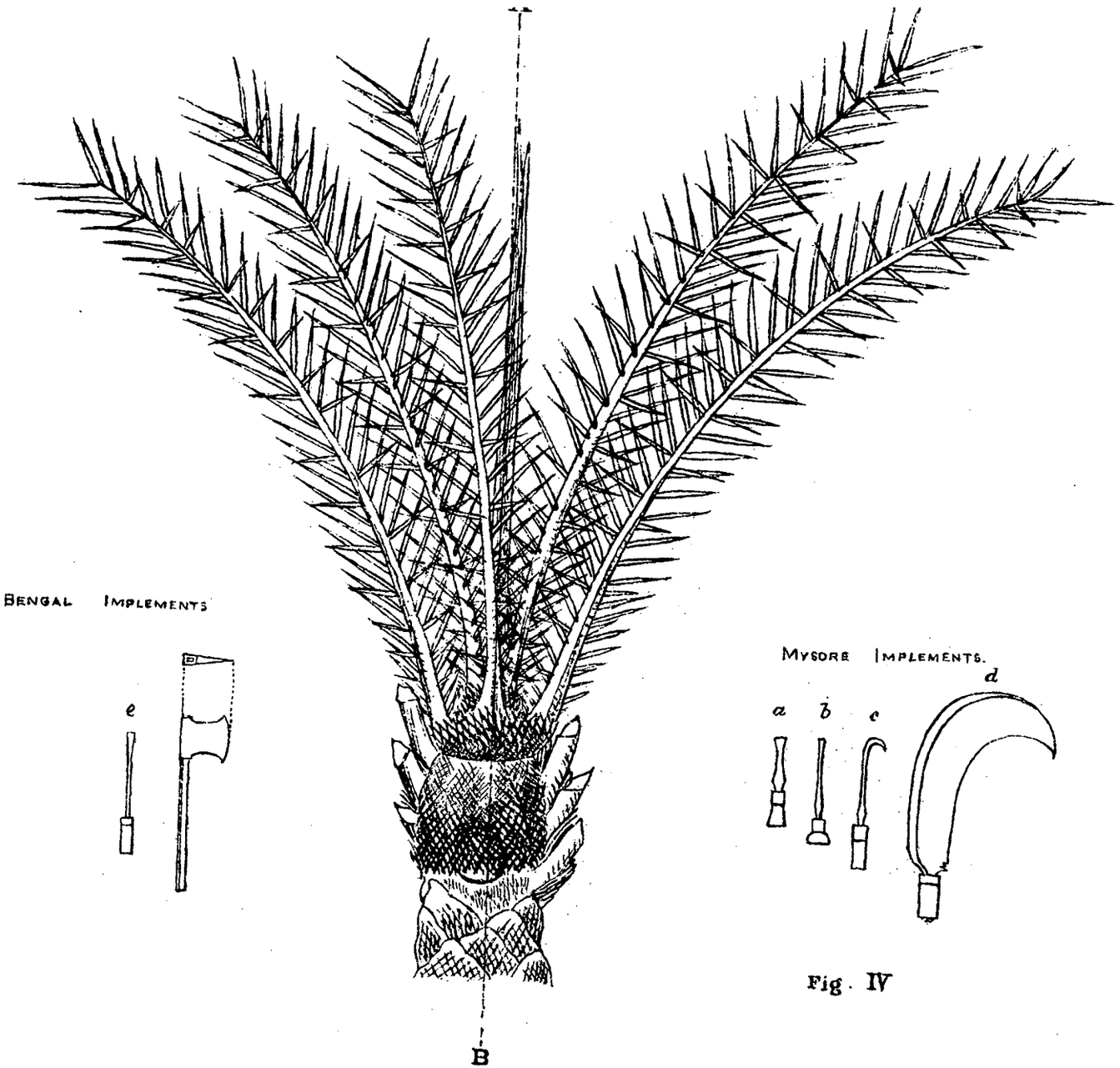


Fig. III.

BENGAL IMPLEMENTS

MYSORE IMPLEMENTS.

Fig. IV

PLATE II

NOTES by Mr. J. G. McDonnell, Special Assistant Commissioner, Doing Duty in the Dewan's Office, on the Bombay system of tapping date trees as contrasted with that pursued in Mysore, with practical suggestions for adopting the former in this province; as well as on the best mode of obviating the Toddy being diluted by rainfall.

I. To my printed "Notes" on Government Proceedings, No. 1019-29 Cir. 4 dated 12th April 1892, sanctioned by Government for adoption as suggested by the Excise Commissioner, in Proceedings, No. 13672/81-R. F. 17-82 dated 16th February 1893 para, 2, I have attached two diagrams of the Mysore Date tree—Plates I and II, Figs. (I), and (II)—to illustrate practically what is done, and detailed in those "Notes" the evils to be guarded against by ignorant and careless tap-men to obviate the wholesale destruction of this very valuable tree, to which I would now invite special attention.

II. I append to the present "Notes" now, two other plates illustrating the mode adopted in Bombay of tapping the Date tree. Plate I., Fig. (I), indicates the appearance of the tree about three-and-half-months after the first incision has been effected. In line with the incision, I have given a perspective view of the depth, outline and general direction the incisions take at each stage. Plate I., Fig. (II)., exhibits a perspective view of a section of Fig. (I)., showing the position of the heart of the tree and how much of it has been affected by the tapping.

III. The following are some of the principal points bearing on the two systems which are placed in juxta-position so that both may be fairly contrasted and the advantages to be gained by a change readily grasped:—

MYSORE SYSTEM.	BOMBAY SYSTEM.
A.—Process.	*A.—Process.*
1. The Date tree when tapped for toddy has two incisons. The appearance after three months is similar to that of the human face.	1. It has only one incision.
2. The incisions take up either the whole of the base of the heart or the two sides thereof except the thin strip in the centre.	2. The incision is only at one side of the tree. Half the tree is not touched at all.
3. (*a*). The thin layer of heart-wood in the centre which supports the crown of the tree between the two incisions is gradually pared away in front from below, till it extends to the depth of an inch or more as it reaches the horizontal cut above, made just below the knob of the leaf. This greatly weakens the support.	3 (*a*). The incision runs almost uniformly in two parallel lines, the difference being half an inch wider above more than below the channel. The crown of the tree has therefore the support of the entire half of the stem on one side and a good strong wall of wood on the other.
(*b*). The chisel is held with one hand and tapped on the head with the palm of the other from time to time. A very little extra force drives the chisel into the tender strip of heart-wood which forms the central support, penetrating it and ending fatally to the tree.	(*b*). In a tree with a diameter of eleven inches, only a block of about 2½ inches of wood on one side only of the heart is removed while 8½ inches are left intact to support the crown of the tree.

In Mysore.

(*c*). The central strip of heart-wood between the two incisions being often reduced by continual parings on each side to a mere shred, shrivels up by exposure, dries and terminates fatally to the tree.

(*d*). The great width of the incision reduces the sides very much especially at the top. In Bangalore and other places the length of these sides being often about one foot, a mere strip of fibrous wood is left to support the crown.

(*e*) Intervals of tapping—Once every alternate day.

B.—Implements.

4. The chisel used, Plate II. Fig. (IV.) (*a*), is a heavy clumsy tool, and in paring both the sides of the main strip supporting the crown of the tree between the two incisions, as well as, the edge in front thereof, gives it in use, fatal thrusts in the process. The chisel (*b*), for use in gouging out the two grooves is narrow and heavy, and long strips of the wood round the heart are removed by pressing the haft of the tool forcibly upwards. The chisel being narrow, the gouging often ends in a fatal thrust into the heart itself.

5. In removing the branches and preparing the front of the tree to receive the incision and allow the liquor to run off, a heavy clumsy tool like a crook—the inner side of which forms the edge of the knife, is used with great force—See Fig. (*c*)—while the face of the tree is pared with the chisel (*a*), with great labour and loss of time, as the width and edge are both against rapid progress.

6. There are three tools in constant use, and often a fourth—the heavy "Matchu-Kathee" Fig (*d.*)—is brought into requisition to cut down the tree, and remove the dry stumps, &c.

7. For sharpening the tools a heavy square block of wood, two inches cube and 2 feet long, is used, on which some white quartz is ground and applied to draw out the keen edge needed for the tools. It is left at the foot of the tree with the lump of quartz, which is pulverized as needed, and for which he has *to descend the tree* to secure.

C—Specific Gravity of Toddy by Long's Saccharometer, Temp. 60,

8.—1054·5.—

In Bombay

(*c*). Half the wood near the heart not being touched at all, and only about 2½ inches thereof pared on one side only—almost below the heart, and that too not near any vital part, the tree comes through the ordeal unscathed.

(*d*). This is rendered impossible under the Bombay system with a single incision on one side only and the ample support it provides of half the tree on one side and a strong strip of wood on the other.

(*e*). Intervals of tapping—Daily for seven days consecutively and then no tapping for seven days more, and so on for three months or more

B.—Implements.

4. The chisel (*e*) is flat thin and wide and instead of removing the wood round the heart by gouging by a shove or thrust as in Mysore, the wood is pared bit by bit for an inch or so, and by a sharp quick turn of the hand all the strips are readily and easily sliced off making a smooth even surface.

5. A small adze Fig. (*f*), with a short haft is used. There is no separately sloped edge as in the Mysore tool (*a*). The sides are even surfaces running smooth and ending in a keen knife-edge—See Fig. (*f*), and the section of it above. With quick sharp cuts the branches fall to the right and left and with the keen sharp edge of the adze held flat on the surface, the wood over the heart is readily pared and a nice, smooth surface formed in a very short time to receive the incision.

6. Only two, the chisel and adze are all that are required.

7. A piece of common horn 2 × 6 × ½ inch thick is punctured at one end and slung at the man's side by a ligature. A few balls of clay which when dry become gritty is found in Bombay and carried in the pocket. This is gently passed on the face of the horn and a fine dust is readily deposited. The tool is passed rapidly over the surface, while held quite flat, and an edge as keen as a razor turned out. Both are on the person and ready at hand when required *by the man on the tree.*

C—Specific Gravity of Toddy by Long's Saccharometer, Temp. 60.

8.—1060·5.—

D.—Position of Incision.

9. The incision for drawing toddy for drinking, and not for the jaggori-ovens, is made at the base of the fourth layer of leaves in Bombay. This should be insisted on here. It sometimes happens that by counting from the central shoot downwards the fourth leaf ends in a single-stump, under the Mysore system, but more generally a pair of stumps is secured, below which the first horizontal incision is made. In Bombay a stump is invariably secured.

E. Yield of Toddy.

10. The yield of Toddy as stated by the tap-men of both Bombay and Mysore is reported to be indentically the same per tree, from one, as from two incisions. The men were questioned separately.

Protection Against Dilution.

IV. It has heretofore been found impracticable to protect the toddy being diluted with rain-water during the monsoons. Aloe leaves, entire and slit in two pieces, Goni, Canvas &c., have been applied and tied to the tree with ligatures but without success. The object has however been effectually attained near Kadkola, Nanjangode Taluq, Mysore District, by simply cutting the sides and tearing down one or two layers of the coir-matting, which naturally forms on each tree, over, and so as to secure the mouth of the Toddy-pot (vide Plates II. Figure (III). The base of this matting is fixed so firmly by nature just below, and round the base of the stems which it envelops, that it eventually forms the bark of the tree itself, and is therefore impervious to water percolating through each of its folds, of which there are often as many as four layers. The tops of this matting are so expanded by the growth of the tree and the branches, that they open out in threads, wither and fall off.

Practical Suggestions.

V. In conclusion, I would respectfully suggest, that one of the Toddy Farmers in the vicinity of each District Head Quarters, may be induced to send a tap-man, to accompany the District Toddy Daroga to Kadkola, and thus afforded the means of getting, personally, a few practical lessons for 2 or 3 days, of the Bombay mode of Tapping, &c. They can, on return tap a few trees, on each system for the personal inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, who can report after a year's trial, whether it would not be preferable to adopt that of Bombay generally, in each District. If the experiment proves favourable, some trees may, thereafter, be tapped at each Taluk Head Quarters, and the new system gradually extented, and eventually made compulsory all over the province. The tap-man may be granted Rs. 10, per month and travelling allowance to Kadkola and back by Government; but as the Farmer will get the Toddy from the experiment, no further expenses need be incurred by the State. I would humbly commend the matter for the favourable and early consideration of Government, in the interests of the Toddy Revenue, which will ere long be jeopardized, by the wholesale destruction of date trees now going on by following the Mysore system of tapping, which has many defects fatal to the tree, as pointed out above and in my former printed notes on this subject. A well trained tap-man cannot at all times guard against accidents inherent in the Mysore system, irrespective of those brought about by the employment of non-professional tap-men. The Bombay system is quite free from any such accidents, (except they are the result of gross carelessness) both in the mode of tapping adopted and the tools used. It has this in its favour, that practically the tap-man's work is reduced by one-half The yield is the same from one, as it is from two incisions. The risks to the tree from tapping under the Bombay system are minimized, if not wholly obvaited.

DEWAN'S OFFICE,
23*rd October* 1894.

J. G. MCDONNELL,
Special Assistant Commissioner,
Doing Duty-Dewan's Office.

2 J

DETAILED AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

DRAWN UP BY

MR. J. G. McDONNELL,

Excise Asst. Comr., Toddy Department,

ON THE

SEVERAL POINTS ALLUDED TO IN THE PROCEEDINGS OF GOVERNMENT,

No. ~~1092~~ 1019-29, *Circular* 4, *Dated* 12*th April* 1892.

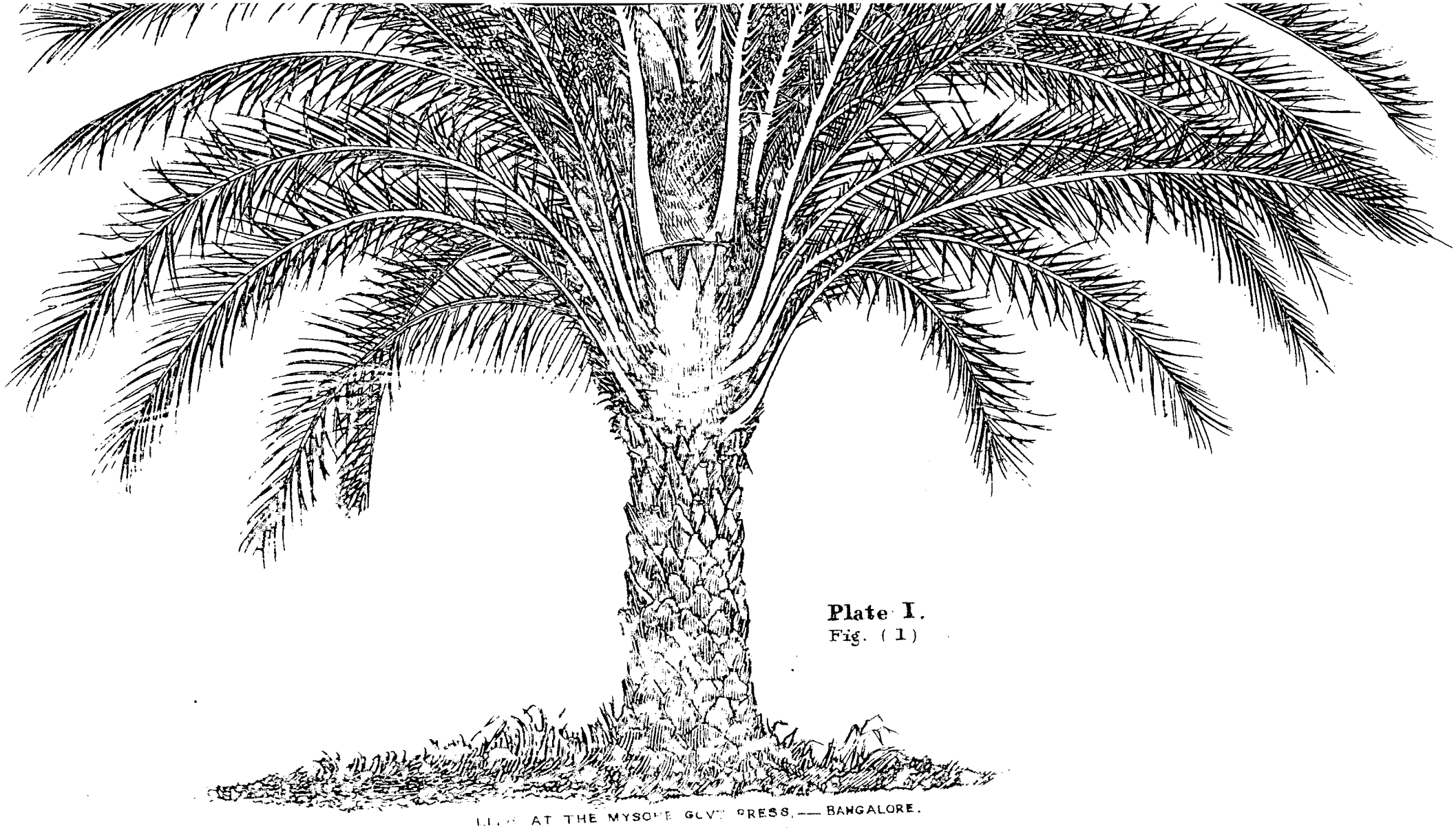


Plate I.
Fig. (1)

PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVT. PRESS, — BANGALORE.

Plate III

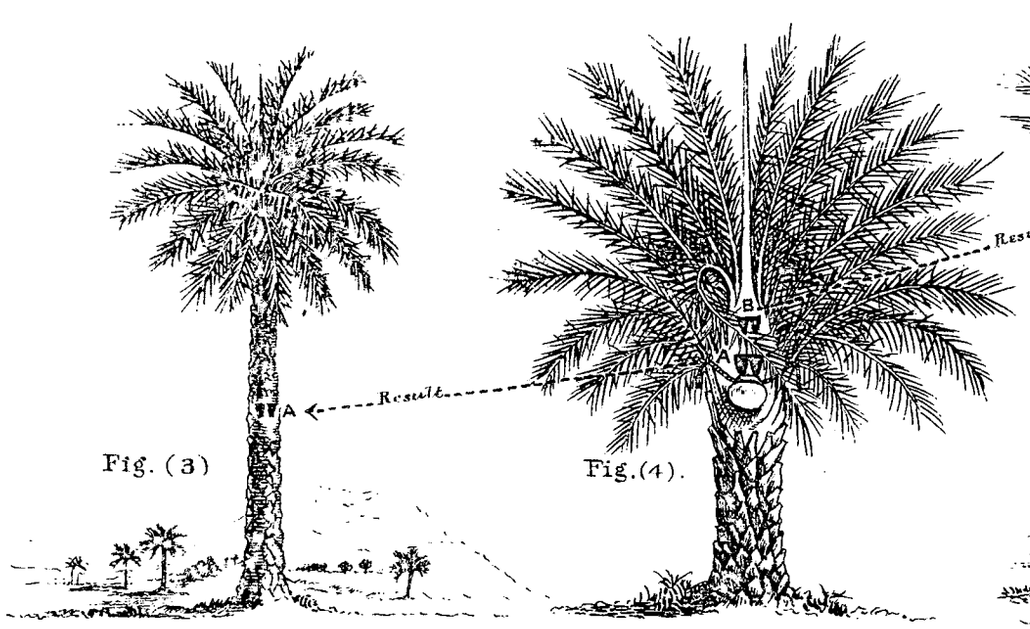


Fig. (3)

Fig.(4).

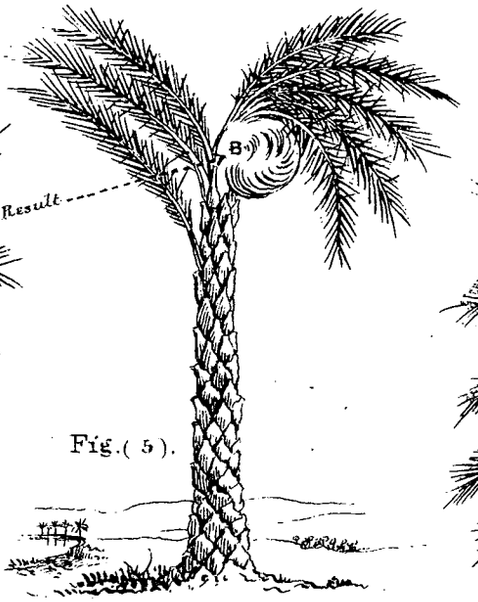


Fig.(5).

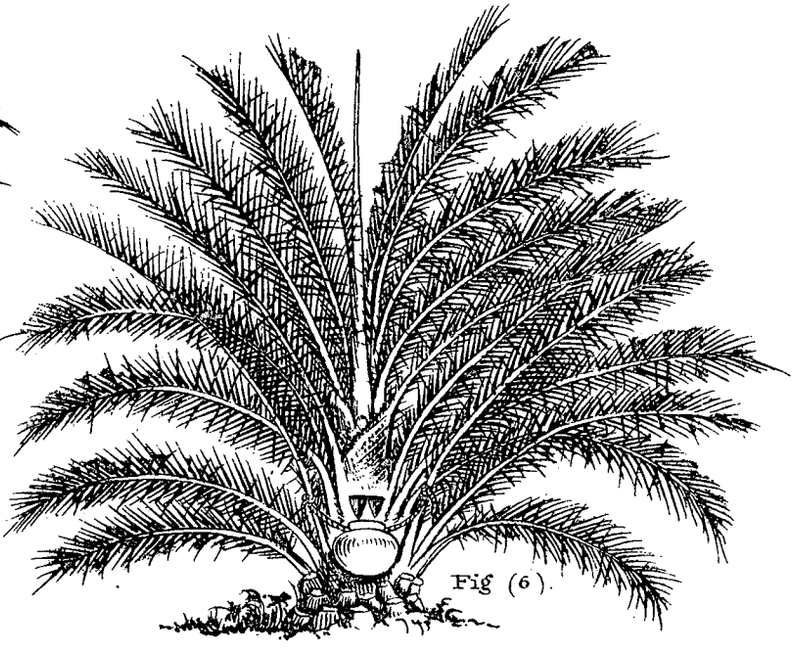


Fig (6).

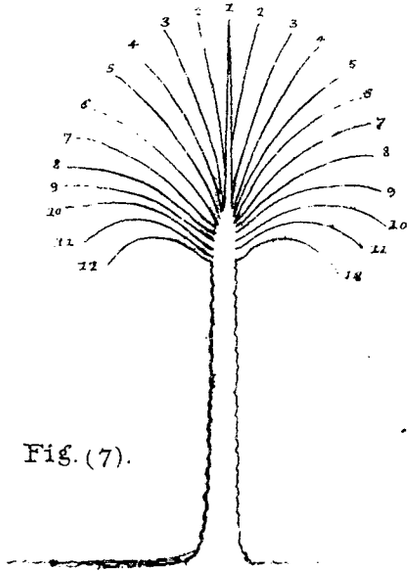


Fig.(7).

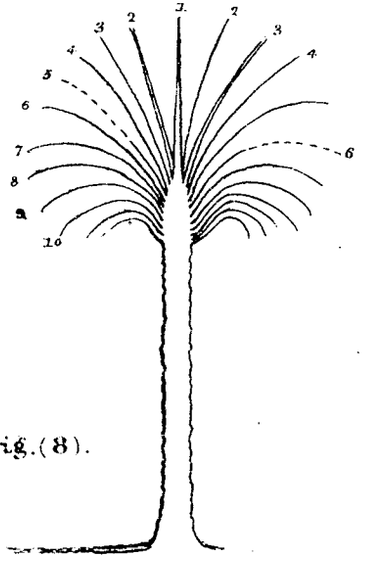


Fig.(8).

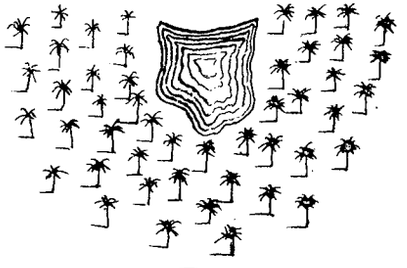


Fig. (10).

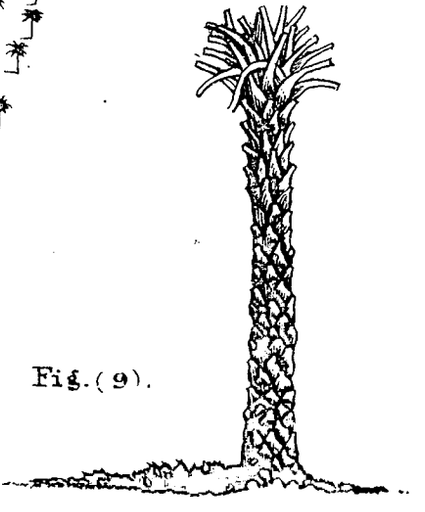


Fig.(9).

LITH AT THE MYSORE GOVT PRESS - BANGALORE.

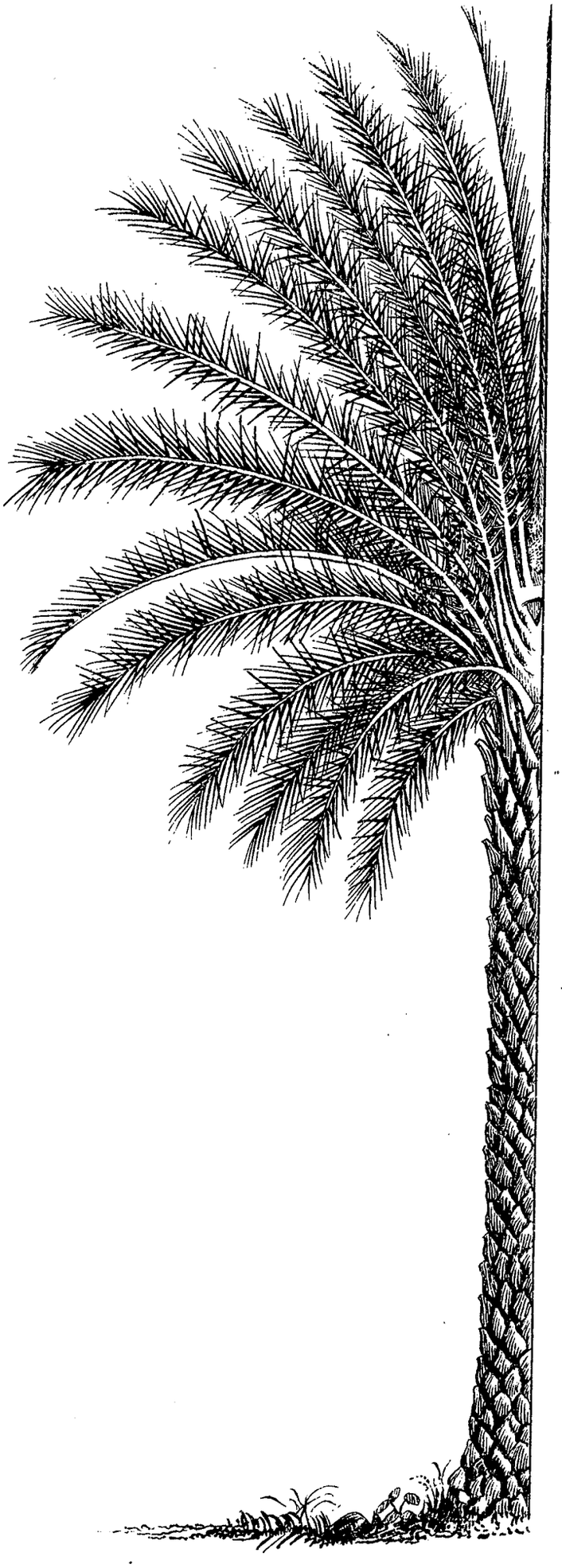


Plate II

Fig.(2)

A.—The following instructions are issued for :—

(1.) Conservancy of existing Vanas,

(2.) The Prevention of Tapping Immature Trees,

(3.) The improper Tapping by unskilled men,

(4.) The injurious removal of leaves by rope, mat, basket-makers, agriculturists and those employed in the manufacture of Jaggory.

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1. The Patel should delegate the Toti, Talari, Kuluvadi, or Nirganti, to go round the Vanas and see that the rules are observed. To practically and effectually perform this duty, without prescribing elaborate rules for his guidance, the best plan would be to do so by way of illustration. He will thus see at a glance what is wrong and report it. These plates and illustrations will be explained to all the Darogas and Taluk Inspectors. They will explain them to the Taluk Officials and village officers. The Patel and Shanbogue will continually do so to the village servants, and there is no doubt that in this simple way what Government require will be readily attained in a short time.

2. Plate I, Figure 1, is a date-tree. When you look at it you will see that the tapping has been properly performed on a mature tree, and that the work is that of a professional Ediga.

3. Plate II, Figure 2, gives a section of tree Figure 1, by splitting it into two. If you count the centre shoot and three more layers of leaves round it, you will find that the cross incision made for drawing toddy on the neck of the stem is below the knob of the 4th leaf in both plates.

4. By referring to Plate III, Figure 3, you will see that the incision having been made properly by a professional tapman, the tree has shot up nicely and no injury has been done to it. When the tree was as low as the tree in Plate III Figure 4 (*a*), this incision has been made and with the result indicated in Plate III, Figure 3.

5. If on the other hand the incision had been made higher up, as at (*b*), by a *non-professional tapman*, as in Plate III, Figure 4, the result would have been the destruction of the tree, as illustrated in Plate III, Figure 5. In such cases it is evident the tree has been wantonly destroyed, and the culprits should be punished.

6. Young immature trees that have stems less than three feet from the springing of branches, as illustrated in Plate III, Figure 6, should not be tapped under any circumstance, as it would tend to their destruction. This is done (*a*) in many cases through sheer laziness. In others it is owing (*b*) to mature trees being overworked and destroyed, and to the paucity of mature trees in the Vana. In both such cases (*a*) and (*b*), if proof against the party can be adduced of the commission of the offence within six months thereof, he should be punished, especially if he did this to prevent the next farmer from using the trees. In some places (*c*) the majority of the trees are stunted in growth, and therefore do not attain to any height. This fact should be thoroughly investigated ere such trees are allowed to be tapped. In such cases every care should be taken to prevent premature re-tapping. It will be seen at a glance if there are tall trees, with stems over three feet in height, and what proportion they bear to the small trees, that there is a likelihood of those small trees also growing to the height of the large trees in such localities. It should therefore be investigated how long a tree takes to grow so high. It should be ascertained what interval is allowed between one tapping, and a second re-tapping. The interval on the stem between the two tappings will indicate the growth; and with the information gained by local inquiry it can be readily ascertained if the trees are naturally dwarfed or have not yet arrived at maturity. The *age* then of dwarfed trees should be the criterion to go on, and not the *height* in such cases. A tree 10 or 12 years old may be tapped. Twelve layers of leaves should be counted from the main shoot down wards, and if the stem from the 12th layer to the ground is one-and-a-half to two feet it may be tapped without injury. In such a case two to three years should elapse ere it is re-tapped, as sufficient growth, say 15 to 18 inches, on the stem must be made ere another incision can be effected without injury to such a tree. In such cases enquiry on the foregoing points should be made, and the facts reported for the orders of the Deputy Commissioner ere action is taken to enforce the rules for tapping trees with stems less than one yard high. To secure professional tapmen and to bring home the foregoing offences to the guilty parties, a License will be issued to such tapmen hereafter.

7. Plate III, Figure 7, shews the tree with all its branchss numbered from the tender shoot in the centre to the last dry leaf. Under the two orders of Government quoted in the margin* only two or three leaves from each tree may be removed. These leaves should not be the first four leaves including the central shoot. Plate III, Figure 8, shews in dotted lines which leaves may be removed by mat, rope, basket-makers, and agriculturists for fencing, &c., or for feeding cattle. Young immature trees (*vide* Plate III, Figure 6), or young seedlings, should not be touched for any of those purposes. In case of jaggory manufacturers the dry leaves Nos. 8 to 12 only should be removed. In some Taluks where fuel is scarce the right to remove these dry leaves may be farmed out. But care should be taken that the green leaves are not also removed. This would be to the injury of the tree.

* I. Camp No. D. dated 25th December 1891.
II. Para 4, No. 11280-91, *viz.*, 175, dated 15th January 1892.

8. In some cases only the main shoot is left. In many cases even the main shoot is cut off, and the tree presents the appearance given in illustration Plate III, Figure 9. In either case there is no doubt that wanton mischief has been committed, and the party at fault should be punished severely by the Amildar.

9. Trees being tapped, or those reserved for tapping in any year, should be reserved solely for tapping. Licenses to remove leaves should be granted only where surplus trees, and Vanas exist, or the rights of toddy farmers will not be infringed. The Amildar or other officer granting such Licenses should indicate the part of the Vanas from which leaves may be removed, and hold the village officers responsible that this privilege is not abused. The Patel and Shanbhogue should overhaul the parties cutting leaves on Licenses so granted, and certify on the back thereof that the foregoing rules have been observed. Parties infringing the rules should be reported to the Amildar and punished for breaches thereof.

B.—The following Rules are prescribed for the guidance of the Village and Taluk Officers named.

(*a*) VILLAGE SERVANTS, TOTI, TALARI, KULWADI AND NERGANTI.

1. That trees are tapped properly (*vide* Plate I, Figure 1, Rules marked A), and by professional tapmen.

2. That the mamool time for re-tapping is observed.

3. That the four tender leaves, including the central shoot, are not removed, (Plate III, Figure 8).

4. That trees less than one yard in height (Plate III, Fgure 6,) are not tapped, or any leaves at all removed from them, or from seedlings.

5. That toddy is not concealed and sold clandestinely at the Vanas, *en route* to shop from Vana, or elsewhere, except in the authorized shops.

6. He will count the number of ghadas and report the same to the Patel, and inform him to what places the toddy is taken daily.

7. He will see if the pots are washed, and that no putrid and bad toddy is kept or mixed with the good toddy sent from the Vana or offered for sale in the shops.

8. That no toddy is distilled, and spirits (sarayi) made at the Vanas or elsewhere.

9. That toddy is sold at authorized rates and in standard measures duly sealed by Government.

10. He will plant seed round the "Angalas" of tanks and other places indicated, and warn herdsmen against trespassing on such plantations, and take steps to protect them from cattle trespass.

11. He will make his report on the foregoing points to the Patel, or in his absence to the Shanbogue daily.

(*b*) PATEL.

11*a*. The Patel once in every two or three days, and not less than once weekly, shall verify the statements made on the foregoing points by personal inspection and enquiry at the Vana and shop, and give the Shanbogue the data to book in the register of toddy drawn and removed from the Vana (*vide* Form I.). Immediately on breach of rules occurring or being reported to him the Patel will take the required evidence and report the circumstances to the Amildar (See Paras1.2 (*e*) of these Notes, on the duties of Amildars.)

12. He will, with the assistance of the Shanbogue, make the collection of khists on the date fixed in the mutchalika and receive daily instalments during the month if tendered by the shopkeepers or farmers.

13. He will make himself thoroughly acquainted with the toddy shopkeepers and farmers, and those willing to take up shops, their ability to pay Government dues, and their character and circumstances.

(*c*) SHANBOGUE.

14. The Shanbogue will, in addition to helping the Patel and village servants in giving effect to the foregoing duties, keep a Register (Form I.) of toddy drawn and issued from the Vana, if located there, or imported from Her Majesty's Terri tory, if located on the frontier; and of the receipt and sale of toddy at each shop in his range. (Form III.) He will personally verify every two or three days once the data reported to him by the village servants or Patel. He will keep the register of khists. (Form II) and remit the money thus realized to the Taluk Treasury in the same manner as he does for other times of Government Revenue.

15. The Patel and Shanbogue will convene a Panchayet when disputes arise as to the drawing of toddy from the same Vana between two or more farmers, and enlist two or three Edigas, and dispose of the same amicably. If this cannot be done, the Amildar must be informed of the case, and he will delegate the Taluk Abkari Inspector to do so on the lines indicated in the instructions marked C.

16. The Patel and Shanbogue, on 1st September yearly, shall refer to the Toddy Annual Register (Form IV) in the Shanbogue's possession, and to the accounts of receipts

and sales of toddy kept by him, (Form III)and get the shopkeeper to give a proper amount to Government as rent for his shop for the ensuing year. If they are satisfied that the sum so secured is favourable they should get a "darkhast" from the shopkeeper, and submit it to the Amildar not later than the first week of September. If they cannot get the amount which Government is justly and fairly entitled to they should assemble the Edigas and others needing toddy shops, and offer the shop to any of them, and submit the applications to the Amildar with a report of the circumstances. If there are several shops which form the farm, then the Shanbogues and Patels should be assembled by the Sheikdar at some central place and dispose of the matter similarly. See (*e*) duties of Amildars, para 6.

(d) TALUK INSPECTOR.

17. He should be on out-door duty for 20 days monthly, or his horse allowance will be docked proportionately for the days out door-work was shirked. He will visit the Vanas and shops and see if the mutchalikas and other rules prescribed are enforced, and take steps to enforce them (see paras 1, 2 (*e*) of these Notes) and that the village officers attend to the duties delegated to them.

18. He will send a report of such breaches of the rules, neglect of work by village servants or village officers, at once to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and to the Amildar, without delay, and take the case to the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction. See para 1. (*e*) duties of Amildars.

19. He will send a Diary (Form V) of the work done by him fortnightly to the Amildar in duplicate for transmission to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District.

20. He will arrange to be at Taluk Head-quarters for a few days after the 15th, and 1st of the following month, so as to complete and send in the Treasury Demand Collection and Balance Return (Form No. IV.) for each farmer to the officer in charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and dispose of such reports and papers as the Amildar may refer to him. But for this work he shall not remain at Head-quarters more than 10 days in any month.

21. From the 2nd week in September to the end of October, he shall be constantly on the move, scrutinizing and helping the Patels and Shanbogues to dispose of the Farms, and getting proper men to take up the shops, and for their proper value. He will then and there report to the Amildar any irregularities in this respect, especially if he finds that the Patels and Shanbogues are in collusion with the Edigas and Farmers and that Government is likely to suffer, so that the Amildar may take prompt action in this matter.

22. In case of disputes, as to the right number of trees, or parts of the Vanas a shopkeeper should get, he will proceed to the spot at once, and settle the same as per separate instructions laid down for his guidance (marked C.) He will see that the Toddy khist Registers and other Books are posted up by the Shanbogue, and that khists are collected and sent in by them properly, and bring to the Amildar's notice any complaints of the Farmers against the non-receipt of such khists by the Patels and Shanbogues, when offered, or delays on their part to make the finial collection on the dates fixed.

23. The Taluk and Village Officers should clearly explain to the Edigas and others engaged in the toddy trade the advantages of serving Government. They are virtually Government Toddy ryots. They enter into engagement directly with Government, and as long as they fulfil their obligations, and pay their khists regularly, they have nothing to fear. They can at once appeal for redress to the Amildar of the Taluk against any irregular conduct on the part of any of the village or Taluk officials, to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, the Deputy Commissioner and Government. The courts are open to them. All this should give them confidence and induce them to serve Government faithfully. The returns shew the consumption, and what they paid the Contractors is well known and recorded. They should not therefore hesitate to pay Government what is legitimately due to it, as in case of arrack and drugs. If the present incumbents will not do so, others will have to be given the preference. They have a fixed position, within certain limits as Government Toddy Farmers, and unlike that under the Contractors, who ousted them and put in others just as they pleased. They had no redress. They were mere servants, and were in many cases much oppressed and harassed by the Contractors, their shikmidars and the Contractors' servants. The case is quite different now : their rights and claims will be fully recognised and respected as Government Farmers, as long as they continue to pay to Government their legitimate dues and observe the conditions laid down in the mutchicika.

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(*e*) DUTIES OF AMILDARS.

1. The Amildar, will in his tours through the Taluk personally see if the rules of Government are given practical effect to, enquire into any complaints of irregularities, corruption or oppression on the part of the village and Taluk officials, and summarily punish the delinquents. Breaches of the rules should be promptly disposed of,—those of a minor character with a warning. At the outset it will suffice if the rules and regulations are simply explained to the Farmers and shop-keepers. It is of primary importance that (1) The khists should be paid in time; (2) It is desirable that the toddy should be sold in the places selected, at authorized rates and in standard measures; (3) There should be no clandestine sales of toddy at Vanas or *en route* to shops; (4) Mature trees alone should be tapped and by professional tap-men. Even in these important matters, with the exception of the first item, the offenders should be warned and when punished the punishment should be light, and merely nominal at first, so that the farmers and shop-keepers may be educated to know and recognize the advantages of the rules, ere the rules themselves are rigidly enforced. The Amildars will therefore use great discretion, judgment and tact in dealing with the farmers, and nothing but gross and persistent disregard of warnings and notices of breaches of the rules should receive punishment.

2. An authenticated copy of the mutchilkas should be given to each farmer, with additional copies for each shop-keeper. As this has been accepted by the farmer it takes the place of the License and Appanê-chit. It will suffice for the present if the farmer informs the Shanbogue of the name of the vendor selected, and has that name entered in the copy of the mutchilka given to that particular shop. The farmers should be left free, and not harassed and bothered, but treated with the greatest kindness and consideration.

3. When disputes arise regarding Vanas, and several farmers, or one of them, as the case may be, are anxious to have their rights defined, either as to the number of trees or parts of a Vana which fall to their share, they should be told of the advent of the Survey Department, and that the Vanas will be divided into blocks, so that every one will have a fair share or proportionate number of the trees in the Vana, to draw the toddy needed for their shops. But if they cannot wait, the Amildar should delegate the Taluk Abkary Inspector to make a temporary settlement of the dispute. Detailed instructions have been given (*vide* C.) to enable him, with the aid of the Patel and Shanbogue and a Punchayet, to do so effectually. If the matter cannot even thus be settled amicably, the Amildar should do so himself, promptly and in such a manner as to give every one of the claimants an equitable share in the Vana. A fair division of the trees proportionate on the number of ghadas sold in each shop should be effected. Should the number of trees be inadequate then such farmers should be referred to the *hiduvali* or other private groves to make up the difference short assigned at the settlement from the Government vana. Government is not bound to provide toddy beyond what is procurable from trees growing on its waste lands, and when it has made a fair assignment of such trees nothing more can be expected.

4. The khists should be collected by the Patel, aided by the Shanbogue, (*vide* B., *b & c*) of those instructions) and as the Amildar is responsible for this, he should insist on punctual and regular payments, and that the village officers really exert themselves in the early recovery thereof. Besides the daily collections shewn in the accounts sent to the District Treasury, the Amildar, with the aid of his Taluk Inspector, will prepare and send in bi-monthly a return of the total payments made by each farmer (*vide* form No. VI) from 1st to 15th, and from 16th to the end of the month. The return should show the demand as settled, previous balance if any, receipts, the fortnight's total, and balance. The column provided for interest should be carefully filled in separately, and not mixed up with "khists due." In the column of remarks action taken to recover the outstandings against each farmer should be noted. This return should be posted on the 16th Idem and 1st day of the following month, *without fail*, to the address of "the Officer in Charge of Excise Revenue of the District," to whom all questions connected with Toddy, Arrack, and Drugs, should be addressed, and who will be the medium of communicating the orders of the Deputy Commissioner to the Amildars hereafter.

5. The Amildar will see that his Taluk Inspector goes round and sees if the rules are properly enforced, and practically given effect to. The Taluk Inspector should bring up his Diary in duplicate bi-monthly to the Amildar on the 16th Idem and 1st of the following month without fail. The Amildar will scrutinize his work and direct his operations. He should on no account be kept at Head-quarters more than 10 days in any month, and the Amildar will punish any evasion of this rule. He can take any papers needing disposal with him, but he should not be kept at Head-quarters at office work when he should be out on inspection duty. While at Head-quarters, he can be employed in clearing off papers, preparing returns, and disposing of other papers which the Amildar may refer to him.

6. The Amildar should, prior to 1st September yearly, point out to Patels and Shanbogues that the Edigas, Shop-keepers and Farmers should be sounded as to retention of the shops held by them, and the prospects of securing the full revenue, consistent with the large benefits enjoyed by the Toddy Traders and Shop-keepers. A "Kabul-nama," should be obtained and sent by the Shanbogue to the Amildar by the first week in September, and by the 15th September the Amildar should collect and send a return of the settlements thus effected by the village officers. In doubtful cases, and particularly where "Angadi Farmers" are involved, the Sheikdar should select a central spot in the group of shops, preside with the Shanbogues and Patels of the places where shops exist and effect the settlement. In case of difficulty arising the Taluk Abkary Inspector should be told off to try and effect a settlement on or before the 30th September yearly. The Amildar should himself do so finally by the 15th October, and not later than 31st October yearly. In any particular case where it is not practicable for the village officers to obtain the revenue Government have a right to expect, the Edigas and others interested in the trade should be assembled in some central locality, by the Amildar, and the shop or shops put up to competition. He will send in weekly supplemental returns after despatch of that effected by the village officers, of progress made till 15th October, when he will send a complete return for the Taluk to the Officer in Charge of Excise Revenue of the District, and to the Jamabandy officer, noting cause of failure in any case, and the steps taken to overcome the same, and the probability or otherwise of a successful issue attending his exertions. It must be borne in mind that Government have delegated this important branch of the administration to Amildars, and that they have been primarily held responsible for the successful working of the scheme. It therefore rests with Amildars to ensure its smooth and satisfactory working in such a way as to preclude a reference being made to Government in the matter.

7. A printed copy of the Orders of Government No. 1019-27—Cir. 4, dated 12th April 1892, will be sent to each Amildar for his information, careful study and guidance, on the points pertaining to his own work and that of his subordinates, details whereof are given in these Notes for his own and their adoption.

(f) DAROGAS.

1. The Daroga will, with the aid of the Establishment of the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and the Excise Clerk, collect the Diaries, reports and returns sent in by Amildars and other Officers, thoroughly scrutinize them, and bring them up for that officer's orders.

2. He must be out of Head-quarters 20 days in the month, inspecting the Vanas and shops, and seeing that the rules are given practical effect to, and that the Taluk Inspectors, Shanbogues, Patels and Village-servants are doing their duty. He should explain the rules and clear up any doubts he may have, and bring to the notice of the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District any irregularities and short-comings which came under his notice at his inspections, and get orders passed by that officer on any points needing the same.

3. He shall arrange his tours so as to be at Head-quarters on the 2nd and 17th of each month, for a period not exceeding five days at a time, so as to compare the Taluk Treasury credits with the Amildar's returns, and bring up a note of defaulters to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue, to be placed before the Deputy Commissioner with the diary (Form VII) and a precis of the diaries of the Taluk Inspectors and of the Taluk Reports received every fortnight, shewing how they have been disposed of, and any other papers needing orders or replies from other officers.

4. He will be constantly out in the Taluks in the months of September and October, and carefully scrutinize and check the progress reports of settlements made by the village-officers in the first instance when received in September, and those of the Amildars received thereafter, and keep the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue fully posted up as to how matters are progressing, and, where action or direction is necessary get the needful done. The orders of the Deputy Commissioner should be obtained on the Village Settlement Reports as received from each Amildar, and that effected thereupon be the Amildar himself. He should prepare a final settlement report for each farmer, with an abstract thereof, for submission to Government, with the Deputy Commissioner's remarks by the first week in November.

C.—The following instructions must be observed by the officer settling disputes relative to the number of trees to be assigned to each, in proportion to the number of ghadas taken per shop, for all the shops assigned to that Vana.

1. The first thing to be done is to find out as nearly as possible the number of matured trees in each Vana. To do so properly the following course should be observed:—

(*a*). Four poles with white flags should be obtained, and set at the four angles of a square of 70 yards. The number of matured trees in this block can then be readily ascertained. By placing the Ediga's ladder standing and fixing two poles, so as to form a tripod and by mounting it, the shoots or stems of each matured tree can be readily seen and counted. If that area is too much and the trees are growing too thick, one-half or one-fourth of that area may be taken, *viz.*, 35 yards by 35 yards, or half-an-acre nearly; 17½ yards by 17½ yards, or one-fourth of an acre nearly. By attaching to the trees bits of white rag, or white marks in line, so as to be conspicuously seen while on the ladder, or on the four trees where the poles stood, or by fixing these signals to the poles themselves, if they are available in sufficient numbers, the whole grove can be readily traversed and a very fair calculation made of the number of trees fit to tap. Where the trees are not so dense as to preclude entrance inside, a bundle of date leaves may be counted, and one cast into, or at the foot of each tree. If the balance of leaves in hand be counted, the difference will show how many date trees are in the block.

2. The following points must be attended to in assigning date trees in a Vana, partly in "wet" and partly in "dry" land.

Dry Lands.	Wet Lands.
i. Yield less Toddy (1½ to 3 seers).	i. Yield more Toddy (4 to 10 seers).
ii. The Toddy is sweet and nice, and therefore used to make jaggory.	ii. The Toddy is not so sweet and palatable.
iii. The trees are tall and slender, the foliage is not so bright or abundant. They take a long time to grow or mature, from 10 to 12 years. The interval between one tap and a 2nd re-tapping is two years and more.	iii. The stems are very thick, the foliage dark-green, vigorous and abundant. They grow rapidly and mature in from 6 to 8 years. The interval between one tap and 2nd re-tapping is about 1 to 1½ years.
iv. The period of tapping is short—about three months, and the incisions made are therefore not so long or deep.	iv. The tree being on wet land absorbs moisture and the incisions for tapping are deeper and longer and only cease when this can no longer be effected without injury to the tree. They are tapped from four to five months.
v. After the tree has been cleared of leaves on one side and prepared for tapping, a small triangular incision is made. *Vide* Plate I, Figure 1. For the first week the toddy is insipid and allowed to run off uncollected. The tree is tapped every alternate day by the incisions on each side being deepened.	v. Same as for dry land.
vi. For the next 15 days from ¼, ½, 1, 1½ seers or so of toddy are drawn off every other day, and by the end of 15 days, or the 7th or 8th tapping, the maximum yield is obtained. This continues for 60 days or for 30 tappings. The yield then gradually falls off for the next 15 days, till the sap has all been exhausted.	vi. The yield is naturally more than in dry land. By the end of the 7th or 8th tapping the maximum yield of four to ten seers is reached, and continues for about 90 days, according to the thickness of the stem, and its position in marshy or other land congenial to its rapid growth. The tapping ceases because it cannot be carried on any longer without injury to the tree.

3. The principal points to be noted are therefore:—

i. Whether the tree is on (1) dry, or (2) wet land?

ii. What time elapses between one tapping and a 2nd re-tapping, in (1) dry, (2) wet lands?

iii. How many days the tree is tapped, but the toddy is not utilized at all?

iv. How many days it takes ere the maximum quantity is reached; how much at each tapping; and what is the average yield for this period, in (1) dry, (2) wet land?

v. What is the maximum yield, and for how many days it continues, in (1) dry; and (2) wet land respectively?

vi. What is the average yield ere tapping ceases, and how long this period continues, in (1) wet, and (2) dry land?

4. In the foregoing calculations it should be ascertained how many trees have already been tapped, and that number added to the calculations made, ere assignments are effected if they will not mature in time to be of use to the present farmer.

5. Should there be a surplus, it should be reserved for use of the shops or other purposes hereafter.

6. The following table illustrates how the quantity tapped daily should be recorded and the average for one period struck thereon.

Dry Land.				Wet Land.				Remarks.
Rate.	No. of tappings.	Days taken up by the tapping.	Total yield obtained from the No. of tappings.	Rate.	No. of tappings.	Days taken up by the tappings.	Total yield obtained from the No. of tappings.	
$\frac{1}{6}$	1, 2 & 3	6	Nil.	$\frac{1}{4}$	3	6	Nil	
$\frac{1}{2}$	4 & 5	4	1 seer.	$\frac{3}{4}$	4 & 5	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$ seer.	
1	6, 7 & 8	6	3 „	$1\frac{1}{2}$	6, 7 & 8	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$ „	
$2\frac{1}{4}$	30	60	$67\frac{1}{2}$ „	$3\frac{1}{2}$	45	90	$157\frac{1}{2}$ „	
$1\frac{1}{2}$	3	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$ „	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	4	5 „	
$1\frac{1}{4}$	2	4	$2\frac{1}{2}$ „	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	4	3 „	
$\frac{3}{4}$	2	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$ „	$\frac{3}{4}$	3	6	$2\frac{1}{4}$ „	
Total	42 (A)	90	$80\frac{1}{2}$ „	Total	57 (B)	120	$173\frac{3}{4}$	
Note.—Average per tapping, excluding rejected tappings $1\frac{77}{84}$ seers, or say nearly Two Seers per tapping per tree $\frac{84}{2}$=42 days. (A).				Note.—Average per tapping, excluding rejected tappings, nearly three seers per tree per tapping $\frac{114}{2}=57$ days. (B).				

7. Should the number of trees be inadequate, it should be ascertained how many trees more are required per farm and the farmers referred to the Hiduvalidars, or other sources, to make up the quantity needed. If in any place surplus trees are available they should be proportionately divided to meet the demand of these farms to the extent of ghadas short at the Vana just divided. A note should be made in the Village Register of the number of ghadas so needed, and from whence that supply is to be obtained. A corresponding note should be made in the Village Register from which such supplemental supply is obtained. If imported, a note to that effect should be made. Government can only provide toddy to the extent of the trees available, and if more toddy is required and there be no trees, on Government unoccupied waste lands the farmer must make his own arrangements to obtain the balance from elsewhere.

D.—THE PLANTING OF NEW AREAS.

1. As a first start seed should be collected which is three-fourths ripe. This should be done at once. At every town and village where a shop exists, and there is a tank there or in the vicinity, a grove can be readily formed. *Vide* Plate III, Figure 10.

2. The farthest water-spread should be traced, and small holes made ten feet apart. This can be done by sinking the "Goodly" four or five inches, and turning up the clod. This clod should be pulverised and two or three date seed planted in each. This can be done by the "Neergunti." In the course of from five to eight years a good plantation will thus be formed just where it is needed, and the people will get good sweet and fresh toddy to drink. The village herdsmen should be warned against allowing cattle to graze on the strip thus planted. Should there be a "Nallah" feeding the tank, on its banks and along its sides date seeds should be similarly planted by the village servants. After the first heavy rains the seeds can be scattered over waste-lands. Particular blocks of three or four acres or one or two Survey numbers should be selected for this purpose, and planted as indicated for tanks. Where date trees are growing and are not enough to supply toddy for the shops in the vicinity, the ground round should, if possible, be taken up and the whole number planted up with date seeds. Such numbers should not be given out for cultivation.

E.—The following Rules are framed for the prevention of theft of Toddy from the Vanas, the illicit drawing and sale of Toddy or the distillation thereof.

---

1. The village servants when going round to see if rules under (A) are enforced, should also see if the Edigas keep back and sell any toddy surreptitiously at the Vana, or are unauthorizedly tapping and selling toddy the property of Hiduvalidars or Inamdars. The Patel and Shanbogue will inform these servants who the authorized parties are, and at what places the shops are to be opened for the sale of toddy, and report those committing any breaches of these rules to the Amildar, after obtaining the required evidence to ensure conviction. *Vide* note (*e*) para 1 of these instructions.

2. A great deal of toddy is sold *en route* from Vana to shops. In most cases water from the first road-side ditch is taken and added to the toddy, to make up the bulk thus clandestinely sold by the carrier. The required evidence should be taken by the Patel or Shanbogue and the matter reported at once to the Amildar.

37

Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 55 of the Excise Act XXIII of 1881, the Govt of Mysore are pleased to prescribe the following Rules for regulating the issue of licenses under Section 5 of the said Act for the retailing of date liquor & for the drawing of toddy therefrom:

I. No date liquor shall be retailed except under a license in the prescribed form obtained in manner hereinafter mentioned.

II. Free licenses for the manufacture of toddy by tapping date trees and drawing toddy therefrom shall be granted on the following conditions:—

I. & II are produced in place of the Excise (6 non Hereinafter Rules I & II.

of both Vend Jaunes
and Jaffas & Lugs Vend
Jaunes, either by the
Dy Comm. or by some
other Officer empowered
by the Dy Comm. in
behalf.

III. No Date Trees
shall be tabbed save
by Professional and
Experienced persons.

IV. No Date Trees
with Stems Up than
3 feet from the Surface
of Ground, shall
be tabbed except
in Localities where,
in Consequence of
the Trees being
in Growth, the Dy
Comm. authorizes an
exception of the Rule
requiring cutting
the Ugs of the Trees
concerned.

V. No Date Trees
shall be ~~[illegible]~~ worked by
~~[illegible]~~

V.
III, IV & V ~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~

only mature trees
of Ugs less than 3 ft.
in height may
be tabbed. This
is the existing rule
I [illegible]

being latched oftener than once in every alternate year; or drawing such longer Period of years as may be prescribed by the Governor.

VI. No ~~application~~ permission for drawing Lottery shall be made ~~after~~ in contravention of such restrictions as may from time to time be imposed by the Governor [illegible] in that behalf.

VII. No Lottery shall be drawn from any Urn or Vessel other than those specified in the license for such Lottery.

VII. No Lottery shall be drawn from any Urn or Vessel other than those specified in the license for such Lottery.

VII. Counterfoils for manuscript Rule 6 (Grant) & Rule 1 of Printed Rules. Urns or Vessels same for the purpose of drawing Lotteries.

VIII. No license shall entitle any Lottery to be drawn except such as may have been granted for the purpose of drawing such Lottery.

VIII. Numbers taken from Rule I of the Notification of 10th May 1894.

IX. All Lottery Drawings [illegible]

Manuscript Rule 3.

shall, as soon as the
hats containing it
are removed from the
street, be conveyed
direct to the general
depôt or shop, or to
his place of manufac-
-ture of packing or
keeping, as the case may
be, under special
transportation which will
be granted free of charge
by such local officer
as may be authorized
in that behalf.

X. No lottery shall
be sold except in
licensed shops. Pack
boat sales or sales
in the open air strictly
prohibited.

When of local circumstances such sales are absolutely necessary, special permission of the G. Surveyor may be obtained

XI. No lottery shall
be held in any grove
between sunrise
& sunset except
such fresh-drawn
lottery as may be
contained in hats
attached to [illegible]
or [illegible] of the tubes
concerned.

Ditto 9 -

XII. No posts shall be attached to the [illegible] or trees of any tree before being properly marked, nor shall any water or materials or load bodily be kept in any water ruled with the bodily removed from any other or shop or place of manufacture of factory or cargo.

XIII. No bodily shall be drawn, or given for drawing, or otherwise disposed of either in groves or under trees or [illegible]

XIV. The licensee or his agent or servant shall invariably carry the license on his person, and shall produce it on the demand of any Excise Officer.

Ditto 10 -

Vide above remarks

Dec 11 1845

XV. Nothing contained in Paras I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, & XIV, shall be held to be applicable to Lands or Trees or Groves not under Government management called Village Lands, or to Lands or Trees or Groves not specially reserved to Government in occupied or leased Lands.

(36) 1,3

Memo.

The Lycee Jonar has submitted two sets of draft rules, one (printed) under the Forest Rules, & the other (manuscript) under the Lycee Act.

2 - A few paragraphs of the former were struck out by Govt as either unnecessary or misinterpretative. In a few instances paragraphs have been added to the Forest Rules and these are referred to the end of Place where they occur. A statement of what remains is already in the Rules now in force, namely those sanctioned in Govt

Notification No 35 by
10th May 1895. The object
of the selects Mr Ricketts
received the question
was chiefly to prevent
the Fees leviable
under para III of the
aforesaid Notification
being let in from
under para X thereof
(Vide last letter No 2936
dated 29-11-92) - This
letting in from liability
not absolute but
is a proceeding depen-
-dant upon the Govt
or Board sanction
of Govt. The object
aimed at can be
easily attained by Govt
refusing such sanc-
-tion, supplemented
by necessary use of
power of an executive
order in the forest
deptt. Bearing
this, & the Resolution

eliminated as above,
the printed page
contains very little
important matter
which would justify
the issue of a fresh
set of Rules in
substitution of
those sanctioned in
the Notification of
10th May 1889.

3 The other amendment
sought to be made
(which somewhat
defective both in
wording and sub-
stance - I have
remarked it, am-
-ending Rule 11
and Rule 10 of
the Printed Rules
as in my opinion
properly belongs to
the Executive Code. The
necessary reference
have been quoted
in the margin of

my drop-selects is
~~drop~~ I think
~~dropped~~ will well-
the object which the
highest power has in
view. The acacias
palmyra trees are not
known from the so many
trees, or the such
~~was~~ number, as to
necessitate their being
not used in the Nilgiris
selected chiefly to exclude
the labour of lopping
trees. Bamboo trees
too are not numerous
and ~~need~~ caused
rather not ~~to be~~ with
them up with date trees.
Mangoes Neem trees,
Neem & date resting
before part. The
disposing of the
pole, mountain
may be made
for the insertion
of the necessary
conditions in the

Yes
A.T.

47

Enclosures to the Queen's
Message respecting the
Labelling of Belgian
Wines & the Working
of Lotz's Roman
Medicine. C.
4-1-96.

Submitted to the 3rd Councillor.

23/1/96

If approved, a
copy of this Memo
of the enclosed Report
will be sent to the
Executive Council for
consideration of his
opinion.

As this matter,
and those of the other
Enclosures are connected
with the Wine Regulations,
I shall refer the return
the file from the 3rd Councillor,
to the Wine Councillor
with directions to
whether the Government

opinion may be invited
as regards the necessity
or otherwise of modifying
the Forest Notification
of 10th May 1897, Cl.
more especially as to the
advisability of inserting the words 4-1-95
"and Burma" after the
words "manufactures
of Indian" in clause (b)
para II; Cl.

& "and" which have
been declared foreign
purposes" after "drawn"
in clause (a), Rule para VII -
Cl.
& of preventing the "letting
in foam" - Cl.

37 (4)

Memo

The proper place for regulating the cutting of trees for timber, is under Rules under the Lucia Act. Such Rules will have the force of law as well in Government forests & Reclamations as in Government unoccupied land or in occupied land the trees whereof have been specially reserved. The draft I have proposed in the Lucia Act will suffice sufficiently to answer this purpose.

2 - Notification No 75 dated 10th May 1897, contains elaborate rules regulating the cutting & removal of ~~trees~~ timber from trees on Government unoccupied land

including forests & jungles. A few additions & modifications would make these rules complete.

There would then be two distinct & separate sets of rules, one as regards the duty & rate levied for lodging and another as regards selling & removing trees. The two together will fully meet the object in view.

3 - Hence the foregoing is submitted. It may be sent to the Conservator for his opinion.

C

~~Rule to~~ Preamble of ~~Notification~~ ~~is~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~as~~ ~~follows~~

Under the provisions of the Mysore Forest Rules published in Govt of India Notifn No. 588-F dated 8th June 78, the Govt of Mysore are pleased to direct that the following additions and modifications be made in the Lubdian rules published in Notification No. 35 dated 10th May 89.

In Rule II (b) insert "Pattas and" after "by Coupes" in the first line.

In Rule VII at the end of (a) add "or which have been declared are required for special purposes".

In Rule VII (b) substitute "two yards" for "one yard".

Add to this Rule,

(d) Only two Coupes from each of such trees shall be removed.

(e) The four under Coupes including the Central shoot

Rewrite Rule I as follows

"No person holding a license under the License Rules, shall cut or use any Coupes except such as may have been removed for the purpose of drawing bamboos".

⊗ This is intended to meet a complaint urged at the Representative Assembly.

5th

shall always be
removed -

Omit Rules V & VI -

After Rule VII add

VIII - In localities where
fuel is scarce, ryots
may be permitted to
lop the dry date leaves
and dead wood, free
for bonafide private
use but not for sale -

IX In localities where it is
customary to use dead
& date wood for building
purposes, ryots may obtain
for such purposes date trees
not fit for tapping, under
such licenses granted by
the Dy Collr, or such other
officer as may be empowered
by him in this behalf,
on the same terms as
are applicable to other
kinds of jungle wood -

X In seasons of famine,
scarcity or drought, ryots
may be allowed to cut
date leaves as fodder
for cattle, in such groves
as may not be reserved
for the supply of toddy,

subject to the provisions contained in the above Rule VII.

The present Rule No VIII will be read as Rule IX and recast as follows:

"Any breach of these Rules or of any of the conditions mentioned in the aforesaid licenses shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject the offender to a fine not exceeding Rupees 50, or to the punishment laid down in Section 40 of the Forest Rules quoted above, and also to the forfeiture of any licence granted under these Rules."

Insert

Rule XII thus:

"No fees leviable under these Rules shall not be refunded."

Rule VIII

"The foregoing Rules

shall not apply to
Cattle lifted & carried
in a recorded Village
or to those not specially
reserved to Govt in
Lands or in the occupancy
of Ryots, or to Kiv or
Hut Rebel".

XIV.

"The above Rules
shall, as far as may
be, apply mutatis
mutandis to the
culling and removal
of Bagasse Headwood
or of leaves from
Bagasse Trees".

CHIEF SECRETARY'S ~~OFFICE~~.

REVENUE BRANCH.

SECTION G. P.

FILE No. 50-96

SERIAL No.

OFFICE NOTE.

SUBJECT. Crediting of tree rent of the toddy yielding trees tapped in the Amrutha mahal Karalu and Wynaad Forests.

LAST REFERENCE. Letter No. 2655/114 dated 21st ~~October~~ September 1898 from ~~the Conservator of Forests~~ the Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

Under para 15 of Rule IV in Government notification No. 11676/Ex 416 dated 14th June 1898, the licensees of toddy shops in the Civil & military Stations of the Madras presidency are required to pay in addition to tree tax tree rent at annas 4 per tree during 1898-99 for all toddy yielding trees required to be tapped by them in the Mysore State. The question is whether such tree rent of the trees tapped in Amrutha mahal, Karalu shoud

* put up.

2/12/5

be credited to Amrutha Mahal
Department or to Forest Department.
In Government proceedings No.
9966-75-X of 21st December 1893 it-
A7905-93 × puts up.
is laid down that the sale proceeds
of the minor forest produce, if the Amrutha Mahal Kavals are
be credited to the head "Forests"
(minor produce). The Excise Commr
Construes that under the above
ruling that the Amrutha Mahal
Department has only the grazing
right in Kavals and that accordingly
the tree rent in question should
be credited to "Forest Department".
In his subsequent letter No. 2655
114
& 21st September 1905 he (Excise
Commr.) further states that
the Conservator of Forests is of
opinion that the tree rent of toddy
yielding trees tapped in all unoccupied
Government waste lands either
assessed or ~~unoccupied~~ unassessed
should be credited to "Forests" on
the ground that the expression
"District Forests" as defined
in the Mysore Forest Regulations of 1878,
embraces Amrutha Mahal Kavals
as well, and he accordingly proposes

that ~~the following~~ 57 an order may be issued to the following effect :—

(1) That the tree rent of the trees tapped in district forests and Amrutha mahal Kavals as well as state forests and plantations, by the licensees of shops in the C & N Station & the Madras presidency, should be credited to "Forest Revenue" but the Forest Officer's counter-signature to the applications for trees in district forests and Amrutha mahal Kavals will not be required as in the case of those for trees in State forests and plantations under para 8 of Rule IV in Govt notification No $\frac{11676}{Ex\ 4.76}$ dt 14th June/96.

put up.

(2) that the tree rent of trees tapped by the said licensees in "Muffal Gomal" or free grazing lands should be credited to "Land Rev" miscellaneous & that of the trees

tapped by them on lands belonging to any municipality should be credited to such municipality.

The Conservator of Forests and the Officer in charge of the Amrutha Mahal Deptt were both requested to furnish their opinion on the point mooted by the Excise Commr and in reply they state as follows:—

(1) The Officer in charge of the Amrutha Mahal Deptt states that the toddy yielding trees are doubtless a part of the minor produce referred to in Proc. No. 9966-75 / R7 98-93 of 93 & that rent of such trees shined under that ruling be properly credited to Forest Deptt, but that it would appear equitable to credit the revenue to Amrutha Mahal Deptt as such revenue ~~result from~~ is derived from ~~the result of~~ the care taken by the Department.

(2). The Conservator states that as tree rent is a revenue from the juice of the toddy

tree, it is fairly creditable to "Forests" whether such trees are tapped either in Amritha Mahal Kavals or in District forests. From the correspondence between the Conservator of Forests & the Excise ~~Conservator of~~ Commissioner referred to in the Conservator's letter he (Conservator) is of opinion that if the receipts from date leaves and wood, no matter where they are cut either on assessed or unassessed waste, are at present credited to "Forests" there is no reason why any distinctive procedure shd adopted as regards tree he which may likewise be cre to Forests. In para 3 of his

letter ~~Proceedings~~ No. 1298/119 of 25th September 1896, the Conservator has said that, when the question as to whether the ~~Excise~~ Forest Department is also entitled to the rent for date, Bagani & palmyra trees tapped under

the farming or the tree tax system
is decided in favor of that department
to which the revenue from leaves & wood
of such trees are now credited, it is
only then the cooperation of the
Forest officers & subordinates for
the protection of the trees could be
enlisted in conjunction with
the aid of Revenue, Excise & Police
officers & subordinates.

Since writing this, the Con-
servator of Forests has forwarded
copy of Excise Commr's letter and
Submitted of a reference from the
Comptroller to the address of
the latter. The Excise Commr's
letter says that in the Madras Presidency,
the tree-rent of trees tapped in all
reenpied Govt: waste lands is credited
Forest Revenue" but that of the tree
lands belonging to the P. Works or
el Govts Departments, is credited
those respective Depts. The Comptroller
his letter above referred to describes
the way in which tree-rent has to
be credited to the several Depts. He
says, that it may be done by crediting
the amounts to each of the Depts;
or by crediting all the collections
to "Excise" in the first instance
and transferring to the Depts concerned
concerned their share on requisitions
from those Depts. He finally suggests

that, to simplify matters, the Excise Officers may, after marking trees, give information to the Dept. to which the trees belong, the latter taking the necessary steps thereafter for collection and credit and in case there is any difficulty felt by the officers of other Depts. the Excise Dept. may be asked to help.

Submitted to Secretary

22/11/95

The only question is whether the tree pencil-cancel on body yielding trees in Amrit Mahal Kaval should be entered in the Forest debit as recommended by the Excise Commr. & the Forest Conservator or in the Amrit Mahal debit as now done by Major Jones.

Submitted to Secretary

23-11-95

Read 25/11/00

(164) Please see the latest orders on the Conservancy of trees standing in Amrit Mahal Lands & give the rent

to see that this
head responsible for
the conservation of
Govt. forests by the
latest orders

Conservator.

C/Asst

Where are these
orders ?
11-1-01

Forest Deptt.
please put up the orders
referred to.

K
12/11/01

Submitted with the order referred to.

1/01 Subd. to Secy.
under the order of 9.6.
(para 1) put up
which appears to
the Govt. ref. to by the

2nd Cause. the
Amrat Mahal
Kavals including
the forest growth
therein are under
the exclusive control
& management of
the Amrat Mahal
dept. Draft
giving the rent on
the Coddy trees that
dept. is subd. for
appl. 12/2/07

Subd. & Secy. with
the order called for
as work as a draft
to appl. 12/2/07

(General Series No. 30.)

SECTION

FILE NO.

SERIAL NO.

189 . 1-

From The Excise Commissioner in Bangalore

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 29th November 1892

Despatched 30

Received

Enclosures No. 2 Draft Rules returned Vide No. 18376 R.7306-92 dt 5-5-93

General No. 2936

No. 155

~~In reply to~~

SUBJECT.

Submits for sanction and publication in the Gazette, revised draft rules for regulating the conservancy of Date groves, tapping of trees, and issue of licences for cutting date leaves.

Rev Dr.

1/12/92

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

Hd. Asst.

1. Compare the existing rules with those proposed and mark in red ink on a printed copy, the amendments now suggested.

2. Put up reports rcd. from Dists in compliance with the call in para 5 of Pro: No. 1042-52 Ci 24 & 10th May 89.

21/12/92

Read 1/12

No: 2936/155
(Excise 6:2.-)

Excise Commissioner's Office
in Mysore, Bangalore,
Dated 29/30 November 1892

From

The Excise Commissioner
and Inspector General of Forests
in Mysore

To

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

In forwarding, herewith, copy of the marginally noted correspondence, I have the honor to state that, owing to the introduction of the system of selling by groves and shops the right of drawing and vending toddy under Government order No: 323-33, dated 24th September 1891, there are now many individual Toddy farmers; and it is undesirable to create another class of farmers by letting in farms the fees leviable on green date leaves from professional rope-makers &c under Rule III in Government Notification No: 35, dated 16th May 1889, more particularly as it would occasion inconvenience to have two sets of farmers handling the trees, one for toddy and the other for leaves, and place the poor classes who live by making mats &c; at the mercy of the "Sogay" farmers. The latter may also overwork

No: 484, dated 15th October 1892, from the Deputy Commr, Kadur District, and its enclosures.

Rule IX

overwork the date groves by issuing licenses indiscriminately for their own profit. It seems therefore expedient not to let in farms such fees, but to deal with professional rope makers & direct, by granting them individual licenses, as advocated by the Deputy Commissioner of Kadur, under the Rules in Government Notification No: 35, dated 10 May 1889. But these Rules, on account of the introduction of the new Toddy system in question, and also for the better conservancy of Toddy Groves, require considerable additions and modifications. Accordingly I beg to submit, herewith, for early sanction and publication in the Gazette, a draft of revised rules on the subject.

2. It is requested that, on the publication of the rules, 250 copies in English and 500 copies in Kanarese, may be supplied for distribution to the Revenue, Excise and Forest officers.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

The Chief
Excise Commissioner
and Inspector General of Forests
in Mysore

Mch.

4

No 484 Ent/ Deputy Commissioner's Office
Madura District
Confidential 2

Dated, Chitkmagalur 15th October/92

From
The Deputy Commissioner
Madura District

To
The Inspector General
of Forests in Mysore

Sir

In forwarding for perusal copies of the marginally noted correspondence regarding the disposal of Date Leaves - green and dry - and of dead Toddy trees, I have the honor to state that the green Date Leaves are now being disposed of on payment of fees laid down in Government Proceedings No 1042-52 Cir: 24 dated 10th May 1889. The other alternative of letting the fees in favour to the Toddy Contractors, does not seem to have been resorted to by my predecessors, probably on the

* Excise Asstt Commr's No 1643-49 dated 29-8-92 with enclosure

1 Excise Asstt Commr's No 518-25 dated 16-9-1892 with enclosure.

the ground that the Contractors would thereby exercise undue influence over Agriculturists and poor class of Professional pots, basket and mat makers. I am of the same opinion, as I am unable to speak with any degree of certainty that the Zoddy Contractors, who probably change every year, apart from harassing the poor classes, would really have little or no interest in the preservation of date trees. The revenue credited to "Forests" under this head amounted to only Rs. 466 during the year 1891-92 and a small loss which may accrue to Government by working it by Amani instead of letting it on contract would in my opinion not be felt in consideration of the great facilities which the poorer classes have at the direct control of Government. It may be apprehended that the Licensees may somewhat abuse the privileges, but I think it may be just a stob to

by

by a proper supervision of the Toddy Department Officers in permitting the cutting and removal of date leaves in the manner laid down in the Proceedings referred to above. As to the kinds of Vanas and trees from which the leaves should be removed and the kinds of leaves which may be cut, the suggestions made in paras 7, 8 and 9 of Mr. Mc. Donnell's printed Memorandum may well be adopted.

As regards the dead date trees and dead date leaves which Mr. Mc. Donnell proposes to include in the Sagey contract, I do not think it is worth while including them. I would prefer to continue the present practice of letting out the dead date trees fit for timber on payment of a fee* of As. 8 and As. 4 per tree, and not to interfere in any way with useless dead trees lying

* Such receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 227 during the year 1891-92 and credited to Land Revenue Miscellaneous.

Cuttings on the ground and dead
Tale leaves which poor people use
for fuel where other kind of fire-
wood is scarce and not available

I have &c.
/Signed/ H. A. Sparkes
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

From
The Excise Assistant Commissioner
in Mysore

To The Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

No. 1043-49 Dated 29th August /92
1 encl:
Camp Bermasagara

Has the honor to enclose for
information and such action as the
Deputy Commissioner may be pleased
to take thereon copy of a letter addressed
to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur
District, relative to the disposal of
the Soge Contract and also that for
cutting

cutting and removing dry & late leaves and dead toddy trees for fuel where this item is scarce.

/Signed/ J. S. Inc Donnell
Excise Asst. Commissioner

Enclosure to 2 /

No. 1041

From The Excise Assistant-Commr.
in Allypore

To The Deputy Commissioner
Tumkoor District

Dated 16th July 1892

Sir,

I have the honor to enclose the accompanying application* from one Vabarasia a Toddy farmer in the Sira Taluq for the Sole contract of both the Chikmaikanhully and Tipliur Talugs for Rs. 200/- and to state that I consider the grant of such contracts

* Received with Excise Commr's endorsement No. 10 dt/ 1-7-92

contracts objectionable for the whole Taluq or any number of Taluqs taken together.

2. The Contractor should specify the particular Vana or part of Vanas he wants to work the Soge Contract in and the Taluq Inspector should visit the place and see that the same is available and that the rights of the Toddy farmers will not be infringed by the Soge being farmed out.

3. The Contractor must work it on the lines laid down in paras 7, 8 and 9 of the detailed and special instructions printed and circulated by the Excise Commissioner in circular No. 1336-43/30 dated 1st June 1892 and Government Notification No. 35 dated 10th May 1889

4. It will be preferable for the sake of all the interests involved that a list of such available Vanas, or parts of Vanas, should be made out at an

an early date. The Soge contract c
should be disposed of piecemeal. This
will afford the Toddy farmers on the
spot an opportunity of going in for
this contract and as they are directly
interested in the matter the trees will
not be injured and Government c
will be able to secure better terms by
working in concert with the Toddy
farmers than with strangers.

5. In many Talugs where wood
is scarce the right to cut and remove
dead date trees might also be includ-
-ed in the Soge Contract.

I have &c
/Signed/ J. S. Inc Donnell
Excise Asstt Commr
in Allepore

1892

From
The Excise Assistt Commr
in Allepore

To the Deputy Commissioner
Madura District

Dated

Dated 1/2/3 September

General No. 518-25

Enclosures - Number 1

His Office No. 1043-49 of 29-8-92

In continuation of the above, has the honor to enclose copy of the Excise Commissioner's Docket No. 1296/185 dated 1/3 September 1892 for the Deputy Commissioner's information.

Signed / J. S. Mc. Donnell
Excise Assistt. Commr.
in Mysore

From The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To The Excise Assistt. Commissioner
in Mysore

Dated 2/3 September 1892

General No. 1296 / No. 185 } 1892-93

His No. 1053 dated 29th Ultimo

As Sagay (Toddy leaves) is
an

an article of forest revenue it is desirable that the Inspector General of Forests should be consulted on the subject. It is therefore requested that the question may be referred through the Deputy Commissioners for the opinion of the Inspector General of Forests

/Signed/ L. Ricketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

"Copies"
L Ricketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore
Encl.

Excise Commissioner's Office.
Bangalore 22nd April 1893.
Camp Nandidroog.

No. 5603/349

SECT. S.R.
FILE No. 10 of 1893
SERIAL No. 2

29

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

Reminder

I have the honor to state that, for the reasons mentioned in this office letter No. 5489/337, dated 14/19th instant, regarding the date grove at Coondana in the Devenhalli Taluk, it is absolutely necessary that the cutting and removal of green leaves from date trees (except such as may have to be removed for the purpose of drawing toddy), should be prohibited, in the interests of Toddy Revenue, in Talukes or parts of Talukes where the trees are scarce, or where, though they may not be scarce, there is a great and perhaps increasing demand for toddy.

2. For want of supervision, date groves in most parts of the province, have considerably declined, a large number of trees in them having prematurely perished in consequen

consequence of their having been overworked, or tapped when they were young and immature, by the successive Toddy Vend renters or sub-renters, and of green leaves having been indiscriminately removed from the trees by ryots &c.

3. In a book on the date palm in India occurs the following passage:— "The green leaves should on no account be removed or tied up. They are the lungs or stomachs of the tree, and its healthy growth depends on them". This is quite true.

4. Under such circumstances, it is high time that great restrictions must be placed not only on tapping, but also on the removal of green leaves. Ryots and professional men can make ropes, mats &c from the leaves of "Kir Ichal" (Phœnix farinifera), instead of from date leaves. Therefore wherever "Kir Ichal" is available, little or no hardship will be occasioned by the prohibition of cutting and removing green leaves from date trees.

5. I beg that the draft of the Rules forwarded with my letter No: 2936/15-5-9 — No: 29/30 dtd: November 1898. for approval

approval and publication, may be kindly returned, as I have to make certain additions and alterations in connection with the facts now reported in this letter.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most-Obedient Servant,

S Ricketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

M. S.

1892-93.

66 (30)

SECTION C. D.

FILE No. 42 of 95

SER No. 2

To

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Dated 5th/6th May 1893

No. 18376 Sec 1
R 7306-92

His letter No. 5603/349 dated
22/26 th Ultimo.

as requested in the above, has the honor to return the draft of the Rules in re cutting and removal of date leaves, submitted with his letter No. 2936/655 dated 29th November 1892, ~~as requested in the above.~~

When the Excise Commissioner sends in revised rules it is requested that the same may be printed as Draft into 2 Manuals + 8 Office Copies

* The file was sent to the Chief Secy, on the 26th April 1893

"By order"

Chief Secretary.

B. N. R
3/5.

(General Serial No. 30.)

17

189

From

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore.

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

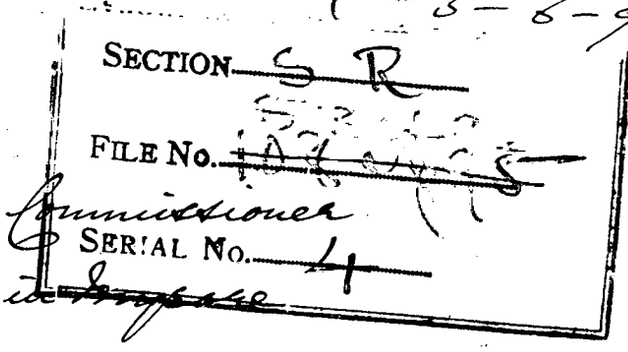
General No.
No.

References to be marked.

Mysore Govt. C. Press, Bangalore.—9-1-93.—3,000.

No. 620 Enclos: 8

Excise Commissioner's Office
Dated Bangalore 1st May 1893
3-6-93



From,

The Excise Commissioner
~~to Mysore~~

To,

The Chief Secretary to
the Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to para 2 of your docket Dcs: 18376/306-92, dated 5th/6 May 1893, I have the honor to forward herewith, eight printed copies of the draft Notification embodying rules for regulating the tapping of date trees in Government forests, plantations and unoccupied Government waste lands, the extracting of toddy therefrom, and the cutting and removal of leaves from the trees, and for the conservancy of the trees, and to request that the Notification may be approved and published in the Gazette as early as practicable, the Compiler of the Gazette being

being asked to supply 300 spare copies in English and 500 in Canarese to their Office for distribution, and 1000 spare copies in English and 1500, in Canarese to the Government Book Depôt for sale.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

M. Watts

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

33

Proceedings of the Govt of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore -

No. 11042 / R.7.306-92 dt 9-1-94 / 15

SECTION C P
FILE No. [illegible]
SERIAL No. 5

Read -

Letter No 6200/396 dated 31st May 1893 from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore, submitting for sanction draft rules for regulating the tapping of date trees and the cutting and removal of date leaves.

Order -

Subject to the modifications noted below, the draft submitted by the Excise Commissioner is approved by Govt -

(1) omit sections 1 and 19 to 23

(2) In the preamble, omit the words "in Govt forests, plantations and unoccupied Govt waste lands, the extracting of toddy therefrom" and the words "and for the conservancy of the trees", and add the words "by Government farmers" after the words "the tapping of date trees"

(3) In the proposed Rule 2, omit the words "in forests or Govt plantations" and the words "or [illegible]

because these have nothing to do with "tapping" (vide preamble), and Rule 24 - because it is unsuitable in most cases & cruel to date trees and Rule 25 because it is better to allow any person to cut & remove leaves from occupied lands, if necessary & Rule 26 because it is unnecessary to say that Govt Officers shall conform to Govt Rules -

23

Encl. to 1285

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under the provisions of the Mysore Forest Rules published in Government of India Notification No. 588 F., dated the 8th June 1878, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja hereby sanction the following subsidiary rules for regulating the tapping of date trees in Government Forests, plantations and unoccupied Government waste lands, the extracting of toddy therefrom, the cutting and removal of leaves from the trees, and for the conservancy of the trees.

1. Date groves for the purposes of Toddy Revenue shall be reserved, and in localities where no date trees exist, new plantations shall be raised under such instructions as may be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations in communication with the Excise Commissioner.

2. Toddy vend farmers to whom the date trees ~~in Forests or Government Plantations~~ are assigned, or their Agents and servants ~~or employes,~~ shall be entitled to enter ~~them~~ only for the purpose of tapping the trees and removing toddy therefrom.

3. The trees shall be tapped only by professional men. Immature trees that have stems less than three feet from the springing of branches, or trees which have not grown sufficiently well after the previous tapping, shall not be tapped. Provided that, in localities where the trees are stunted in growth, an exception may be made by the Deputy Commissioner, the age of the trees being taken into consideration after due enquiry. Complete rest from tapping of all date trees in every alternate year, shall be strictly enforced.

4. Professional toddy drawers authorized to tap the trees, shall be provided with passes in such form as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner. The tapping and re-tapping shall be carried out in such manner, and under such rules as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner.

5. In localities where date groves are in excess of the demand for toddy, or they may not be required elsewhere for the supply of toddy, or where, "Kir Ichal" (Phaenix-farinifera) is not available, cultivating raiyats who are not professional rope-makers, basket-makers or mat-makers, may be allowed *free* the use of date leaves required for making ropes, or for other *bonâ-fide* agricultural purposes.

6. In localities specified by the Deputy Commissioner, the manufacturers of jaggory paying the Mohatarfa tax, may be permitted to remove dry date leaves for fuel, *free of charge*.

7. No leaves shall be cut for purposes specified in the above rules 5 and 6, except under licenses granted, *free of cost*, by the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

8. Professional rope-makers, basket-makers and mat-makers may be granted licenses for date leaves, upon the payment of fees according to the following scale, *viz*:—

	Rs.
For six months or less ...	2
For more than 6 months or the entire year	4

Provided, that no such licenses shall be granted in localities where "Kir Ichal" is available for making baskets, mats, &c., or where date trees are scarce or not more than sufficient for the purposes of Toddy revenue.

9. The fees payable under rule 8, shall be paid to, and the licenses obtained from, the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

10. The licenses granted under rules 7 and 8, shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the Inspector General of Forests, and shall specify the number of head or cart-loads permitted to be removed at a time during the period for which the licenses are granted; and it shall be discretionary with the officer granting the licenses, to fix the number of head or cart-loads to be entered in each license, with reference to the requirements in each case. The licenses shall not be transferable, and no person other than the license-holder or his *bonâ-fide* servant or a member of his family living with him, shall cut date leaves under the license: and the licenses shall be produced for inspection whenever required by any Revenue, Excise, Forest or Police Officer or Village Potel, and they shall be returned to the Amildar immediately on the expiration of the period mentioned therein.

11. In the cutting of date leaves under the above licenses, the following rules shall be observed:—

(1) The leaves shall be removed from such groves as may from time to time be named by the Deputy Commissioner with due regard to the requirements of Toddy farmers.

(2) No leaves shall be cut from any trees from which toddy is being actually drawn.

(3) No leaves shall be cut from young immature trees the trunks of which are less than two yards in height from the ground to the springing of the branches.

(4) No leaves shall be cut except from trees in such groves as may be specified in the license.

(5) Only two leaves from each of such trees shall be removed.

(6) The four tender leaves including the central shoot, shall never be removed.

12. In localities where fuel is scarce, raiyats may be permitted to take dry date leaves and dead wood, *free*, for *bond-fide* private use, but not for sale.

13. In localities where ~~other wood is not available, and where~~ it is customary to use dead date wood for building purposes, raiyats may obtain for building purposes date trees not fit for tapping under paid licenses granted by the Deputy Commissioner, or such other officer as may be empowered by him on this behalf, on the same terms as are applicable to other kinds of jungle wood.

14. ~~At~~ seasons ~~of famine, scarcity or drought,~~ raiyats may be allowed to cut date leaves as fodder for cattle, in such groves as may not be reserved for the supply of toddy, subject to the provisions contained in the above rule 11.

15. Any breach of these rules or any of the conditions mentioned in the aforesaid licenses, shall subject the offender to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, or to the punishment laid down in Section 40 of the Forest Rules quoted above, and also to the forfieture of any license granted under these rules.

16. The foregoing rules shall not apply to the date trees standing in alienated villages, or in the lands in occupancy of raiyats, or to "Kir or Hul Ishal."

17. The fees leviable under these rules, shall not be let in farm.

18. The revenue derived from toddy shall be credited to Excise revenue, and the Revenue from leaves and wood belonging to the date trees in Forests and Government Plantations and unoccupied and unassessed Government waste lands, to the Forest

Revenue, the realizations from dead date wood in Government assessed waste lands, being credited to Land Revenue.

19. The officers of the Land Revenue, and of the Excise and Forest Departments, and all village officials are held responsible for the efficient carrying out of these rules.

20. In Government villages or portions of such villages to which a survey settlement has not been introduced, the right to date trees in occupied lands, as well as in unoccupied lands, vests in Government.

21. Under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code, the Survey Settlement Officer shall, at the time of such settlement, reserve to Government all date trees in occupied lands, which, before the settlement, were being utilized for the supply of toddy.

22. No land containing more than one hundred date trees or plants, shall be given for cultivation without the previous consent of the Excise Commissioner.

23. When lands containing date trees, are given out for grazing purposes or otherwise, all the date trees shall be reserved to Government at the time of the grant of such lands, under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

24. The number of the trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be duly counted and recorded in the Taluk and Village accounts, as well as in the leases taken from, and Pattas granted to, the occupants.

25. The occupants of lands destroying or injuring the date trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be liable to prosecution under the Forest Rules.

26. The officers of the Forest Department and others concerned, shall conform to such rules of practice as may from time to time, be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the Forest Rules and these rules.

Mysore Govt. C. Press,—29-5-93.—12.

(General Serial No. 30.)

(35)

189 11484

R 2180

From

Submitted with office Note Cont.

SECTION S & [illegible]

FILE No. [illegible]

SERIAL No. 6

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

This office requires the Devaru's orders — Submitted 18/1/94

18/1/94

3/1/95

4/1/95

Dated 18th

Despatched 24th January 1894

Received

Enclosures No. 2

General No. 2627

No. 280

In reply to Government Proceedings No. 11042 dated 9th/15 January 1894 R.T. 306-92

SUBJECT.

Submits a revised draft of Rules for regulating the tapping of date trees and cutting and removal of leaves from them together with a draft of Rules about the manufacture of toddy i.e the drawing of toddy from date trees &c.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

Rev 25/1/94

R 31/1

25

Excise Commissioner's Office

No 2627/28 (Rev 2) Bangalore, dated 18th/24 January 1894.

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to Government Proceedings No 11042 R.F. 306-92 dated 9th/15th January 1894, I have the honor to submit herewith a revised draft of Rules for regulating the tapping of date trees by Government Farmers &c and the cutting and removal of leaves from the trees. As these Rules should also be made applicable, mutatis mutandis, to the tapping of Bagni trees and the cutting and removal of

leaves

-leaves therefrom. A new Rule 18 has accordingly been inserted.

2. A draft of Rules about the tapping of toddy-producing trees and the drawing of toddy therefrom, i.e the manufacture of toddy, is framed under the provisions of the Excise Act, and herewith submitted as requested, for approval and publication. On account of these Rules, Rule 3 in the revised draft referred to in para 1 above, has been suitably modified.

3. I beg to suggest that provisions similar to the proposed Rules 20, 21, 22, 23 & 24 ordered to be omitted, (in the Government Proceedings under reply), may be appropriately made in the "Rules under the Mysore Land Revenue Code".

I have the honour to be,
Sir
Your most obedient servant

L Micketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under the provisions of the Mysore Forest Rules published in Government of India Notification No. 588 F., dated the 8th June 1878, the Government of ~~His Highness~~ the ~~Maharaja~~ hereby ~~sanction~~ the following subsidiary rules for regulating ~~the tapping~~ of ~~date trees in Government Forests, plantations and unoccupied Government waste lands, the extracting of toddy therefrom,~~ the cutting and removal of leaves from the trees ~~and for the conservancy~~ of the trees.

~~1.~~ Date groves for the purposes of Toddy Revenue shall be reserved, and in localities where no date trees exist, new plantations shall be raised under such instructions as may be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations in communication with the Excise Commissioner.

~~2.~~ Toddy vend farmers to whom the date trees in ~~Forests or Government Plantations~~ are assigned, or their Agents and ~~employes~~, shall be entitled to ~only for the purpose of tapping nd removing toddy therefrom.

he trees shall be tapped only by l men. Immature trees that have than three feet from the springing s, or trees which have not grown well after the previous tapping, tapped. Provided that, in localities trees are stunted in growth, on may be made by the Deputy ner, the age of the trees being consideration after due enquiry. st from tapping of all date trees lternate year, shall be strictly

~~professional toddy drawers authorized to tap the trees, shall be provided with passes in such form as may be~~ fixed by ~~the Excise Commissioner~~. The tapping and re-tapping shall be carried out in such manner, and under such rules as may be prescribed ~~by the Excise Commissioner~~.

~~5.~~ In localities where date groves are in excess of the demand for toddy, or they may not be required elsewhere for the supply of toddy, or where, "Kir Ichal" (Phaenix-farinifera) is not available, cultivating raiyats who are not professional rope-makers, basket-makers or mat-makers, may be allowed *free* the use of date leaves required for making ropes, or for other *bonâ-fide* agricultural purposes.

~~6.~~ In localities specified by the Deputy Commissioner, the manufacturers of jaggory paying the Mohatarfa tax, may be permitted to remove dry date leaves for fuel, *free of charge*.

~~7.~~ No leaves shall be cut for purposes specified in the above rules ~~5~~ and ~~6~~, except under licenses granted, *free of cost*, by the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

~~8.~~ Professional rope-makers, basket-makers and mat-makers may be granted licenses for date leaves, upon the payment of fees according to the following scale, *viz*:—

	Rs.
For six months or less ...	2
For more than 6 months or the entire year	4

Provided, that no such licenses shall be granted in localities where "Kir Ichal" is available for making baskets, mats, &c., or where date trees are scarce or not more than sufficient for the purposes of Toddy revenue.

~~9.~~ The fees payable under rule ~~8~~, shall be paid to, and the licenses obtained from, the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

~~10.~~ The licenses granted under rules ~~7~~ and ~~8~~, shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the Inspector General of Forests, and shall specify the number of head or cart-loads permitted to be removed at a time during the period for which the licenses are granted; and it shall be discretionary with the officer granting the licenses, to fix the number of head or cart-loads to be entered in each license, with reference to the requirements in each case. The licenses shall not be transferable, and no person other than the license-holder or his *bonâ-fide* servant or a member of his family living with him, shall cut date leaves under the license; and the licenses shall be produced for inspection whenever required by any Revenue, Excise, Forest or Police Officer or Village Potel, and they shall be returned to the Amildar immediately on the expiration of the period mentioned therein.

11. In the cutting of date leaves under the above licenses, the following rules shall be observed:—

(1) The leaves shall be removed from such groves as may from time to time be named by the Deputy Commissioner with due regard to the requirements of Toddy farmers.

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(2) No leaves shall be cut from any trees from which toddy is being actually drawn.

(3) No leaves shall be cut from young immature trees the trunks of which are less than two yards in height from the ground to the springing of the branches.

(4) No leaves shall be cut except from trees in such groves as may be specified in the license.

(5) Only two leaves from each of such trees shall be removed.

(6) The four tender leaves including the central shoot, shall never be removed.

~~12.~~ In localities where fuel is scarce, raiyats may be permitted to take dry date leaves and dead wood, *free*, for *bonâ-fide* private use, but not for sale.

~~13.~~ In localities where ~~other wood is not available, and where~~ it is customary to use dead date wood for building purposes, raiyats may obtain for building purposes date trees not fit for tapping, under paid licenses granted by the Deputy Commissioner, or such other officer as may be empowered by him ~~in~~ this behalf, on the same terms as are applicable to other kinds of jungle wood.

In exceptional cases, of require

~~14.~~ ~~At seasons of famine, scarcity or drought,~~ raiyats may be allowed to cut date leaves as fodder for cattle, in such groves as may not be reserved for the supply of toddy, subject to the provisions contained in the above rule ~~11.~~ 10

on conviction before a Magistrate

~~15.~~ Any breach of these rules or any of the conditions mentioned in the aforesaid licenses, shall subject the offender to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, or to the punishment laid down in Section 40 of the Forest Rules quoted above, and also to the forfeiture of any license granted under these rules.

~~16.~~ The foregoing rules shall not apply to ~~the~~ date trees standing in alienated villages, or in ~~the~~ lands in occupancy of raiyats, or to "Kir or Hul Ichal."

~~17.~~ The fees leviable under these rules, shall not be let in farm.

~~18.~~ The revenue derived from toddy shall be credited to Excise revenue, and the Revenue from leaves and wood belonging to the date trees in Forests and Government Plantations and unoccupied and unassessed Government waste lands to the Forest

and also from the leaves of the date trees in unoccupied and waste lands

Revenue, the realizations from dead date wood in Government assessed waste lands, being credited to Land Revenue.

19. The officers of the Land Revenue, and of the Excise and Forest Departments, and all village officials are held responsible for the efficient carring out of these rules.

20. In Government villages or portions of such villages to which a survey settlement has not been introduced, the right to date trees in occupied lands, as well as in unoccupied lands, vests in Government.

21. Under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code, the Survey Settlement Officer shall, at the time of such settlement, reserve to Government all date trees in occupied lands, which, before the settlement, were being utilized for the supply of toddy.

22. No land containing more than one hundred date trees or plants, shall be given for cultivation without the previous consent of the Excise Commissioner.

23. When lands containing date trees, are given out for grazing purposes or otherwise, all the date trees shall be reserved to Government at the time of the grant of such lands, under the provisions of Section 41 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

24. The number of the trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be duly counted and recorded in the Taluk and Village accounts, as well as in the leases taken from, and Pattas granted to, the occupants.

25. The occupants of lands destroying or injuring the date trees reserved to Government under the above rules 21 and 23, shall be liable to prosecution under the Forest Rules.

26. The officers of the Forest Department and others concerned, shall conform to such rules of practice as may from time to time, be issued by the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the Forest Rules and these rules.

Mysore Govt. C. Press,—29-5-93.—12.

Draft Notification

34

In exercise of the powers granted by section 55 of the Excise act XXII of 1881, His Highness the Maharaja's Government hereby prescribe the following rules for the issue of licenses under section 5 of the said Act for the tapping of date and other toddy-producing trees, and for the drawing of toddy therefrom: —

1. Licenses for the manufacture of toddy i.e. for the tapping of toddy-producing trees and for the drawing of toddy therefrom shall be granted by the Deputy Commissioner

Commissioner, or by any person authorized by the Deputy Commissioner on this behalf, on the application of:—

(1) Toddy Renters Farmers;

(2) Grantees of land for Coffee or Cinchona cultivation, and the proprietors of hittals who are entitled to draw toddy from Bagani Trees standing on their Estates for the making of bread only for the use of the members of their family or for their consumption;

(3) Persons who have purchased the right of manufacturing Jaggery or Sugar.

2. The above licences shall be granted free of charge. But within the limits of the City and Civil and Military station of Bangalore, the

the Toddy farmer for
tapping palmyra and
cocoanut trees, shall
pay a fee calculated
at Rs 1-8-0, per half
year for every coco=
=anut tree to be tapped,
and at Re 1-0-0 per
year for every pal=
=myra tree tapped.
These rates shall be
liable to alteration
at the discretion of
Government.)

3. All toddy drawn
(under the above-
licenses) shall, as
soon as the pots
containing it are
removed from the
trees, be immediately
conveyed direct to
the Farmers' Depôts,
the (houses of the
proprietors of Coffee
or

or cinchona plantations
or Kittals, or the places
of manufacture of
Jaggory or Sugar,
as the case may be,
under general trans-
hart Permits which
will be granted gratis
by the Abkary Inspector.
4. No toddy drawn by
farmers under the
aforesaid licenses,
shall be sold except
at licensed shops.
Tree-foot sales or sales
in the open are strictly
prohibited.
5. No toddy shall be
kept by the above
licensees between
sunset and sunrise
in the groves in which
are situated the
trees which they are
licensed to tap,
except

except the freshly drawn toddy contained in the pots attached to the spathes of the said trees.

6. A licensee may tap and draw toddy from any number of trees in the grove or groves specified in his license.

7. (No tree shall be tapped by non-professional or inexperienced man.

8. The spathe or incision for drawing toddy shall be so made (that there should be at least ten layers of leaves above it including the main shoot).

8. No tree shall be overworked. All trees may generally be tapped every alternate year, but in exceptional cases where the trees have not grown sufficie

sufficiently high after
the first tapping, or
do not look healthy,
the retapping shall
not be made before
two or three years have
elapsed from the date
of the first tapping.

9. The pots shall be
properly washed before
they are attached to the
spathes of the trees;
and ~~that~~ no water
or putrid or bad toddy
shall be kept in
the pots, or mixed with
the toddy sent to the
licensed shops from
the groves.

10. In groves or under
trees, or while consignments
of toddy are in transit,
no toddy shall be
drunk by any one
or given for drinking
or otherwise disposed

of

of in a manner un-
-authorized by the
Rules in force.

11. The licensee or his
Agent or Servant, shall
invariably carry the
license on his person,
and shall produce it
on the demand of
any Excise officer.

12. The above Licenses
shall be issued in
~~such form~~ as may
from time to time
be prescribed by
the ~~Excise Commissioners~~
[illegible]

By order

Chief Secretary

38 41

SECTION S R
53 of 07
FILE No. ~~108 of 95~~
SER'AL No. 7

Re: Use of tree protectors

Read letter No 2627 dated 18th January 96 from the Circle Conservator submitting two sets of draft Rules re the labelling of date trees for lopping, and the cutting & removal of leaves from date trees.

No 78556-57 / Ex. 232 8/2/3/96.

Order.

~~Proposals~~

Some of the Rules originally proposed by the Circle Conservator in the first of the two alternatives — viz those framed and sent up by him No 1104 dated 9th January 96 — R 306-92 The rest with a few exceptions are already to be found in Notification No 35 dated 10th May 89. The few additions and alterations which seem necessary may with advantage be embodied in a draft

Sl. No (33)

4 to Exam Comm
4 to Conservator

cation modifying
the Notification quoted
above ~~referred to~~.
Thus modified, that
Notification will in
the opinion of Govt.
contain all the rules
necessary for regulating
the cutting & removal
of date leaves & date
wood in all Govt
lands ~~including~~
~~forests & plantations~~
It seems unnecessary to
provide therein for the
tapping of trees for toddy,
as the proper place for
such a provision is
a distinct & separate
set of Rules under
the Excise Act.

2 - The second draft-
(Excise) ~~Notification~~ as
we last sit is objectionable
inasmuch as it may be
necessary to secure
the proper tapping of
trees for toddy in Govt forests & plantations
or in other Govt lands.
except

3 - These 2 drafts to be
together with the memoranda accompanying them
amended will be
forwarded to the Excise

Lawes & to the Conservator of Forests for favour of an early expression of opinion, & for proposals as to the forms of licences to be issued under those Rules - C.

2/3/16.

2o The Director
" Conservator } with a copy
of Forests } of the draft Notification
received from the Excise
Commr. & of the order
of Govt. & of marking
certain observations
upon the point of
Vernl. printed draft.

11042
A.P.S.O.-12 27/1/16

SECTION S Excise.

FILE No. [illegible]

SERIAL No. [illegible] From

614 6853

1896

DEWAN'S OFFICE

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Secy. to the Govt. of Mysore,
General and Revenue Depts

Dated 6th
Despatched 9th } March 1896.
Received

General No. 3569
No. 356

Enclosure No. 7 ...

In reply to Govt. Pros: No: 7856-7 dy 2nd inst.
Ex 232

SUBJECT

Submits opinion on the two draft notifications received with the above, relating to (1) the Rules regulating the cutting and removal of date leaves and (2) prescribing Rules for regulating the issue of licenses for the tapping of date trees and for the drawing of Toddy therefrom; and forwards two revised draft notifications on the above two subjects

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Rev: Dept
Excise Pro 19/3/96
WD
19/3/96

Submitted to the Secretary - The Commissioner's opinion is not yet received

18/3/96

Wait for it - In the meantime please point out whether there is any minute or memorandum by Mr C on the subject - He tells me that he went into the question at some length & collected certain materials which must be forthcoming in the office - C P

19-3-96

No. 3569/356 Ex: 3

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 6th March 1896
9 (L)

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
General and Revenue
Departments.

Sir,

In acknowledging the receipt of Government Proceedings No. 7856-7/EX. 232, dated 2nd instant (received yesterday), I have the honor to submit the following opinion on the two drafts of Notifications therewith received, (1) embodying amendments of the Rules regulating the cutting and removal of date leaves, published under Government Notification No: 35, dated 10th May 1889, and (2) prescribing Rules for regulating the issue of Licenses under Section 5 of the Excise Act, for the tapping of date trees and for the drawing of Toddy therefrom.

2. The Rules published in Government

Government Notification (Draft Notification under Forest Regulation) No: 35, dated 10th Jan 1889, were issued, apparently as an experimental measure, when the old system of leasing the Vend of Date Toddy by Districts, was in force. The Deputy Commissioner being required to report at the end of a year on the working of the same. Vide para 5 of Government order No: 1042-52 dir: 24, dated 10th May 1889. Furthermore, these Rules have not been published under the provisions of the Forest Regulation of 1878, and therefore the breaches thereof cannot be punished criminally under section 40 of the said Forest Regulation. I understand that a case tried and disposed of under the said Rules on the Magisterial side, by a Taluk Magistrate, was quashed by the Chief Court on the ground that the Rules had no force of law since they were not issued under the provisions of the Forest Regulation. Under such circumstances, the printed draft Rules were submitted with

the

this office letter No. 6200/396, dated 31st May 1893; and they were approved by Government subject to the modifications ordered in Government Proceedings No. 11042/R.F.306-92, dated 9th/15 January 1894. But as now suggested by Government, Rules 1, 2 and 3 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft may be omitted.

(33)

3. Rule I as per present Government draft may be adopted. But in the interests of date growers the scarcity of which is already felt in most of the taluks, I would retain Rules 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft, as Rules II, III, IV, V and VI in lieu of Rules II, III and IV in the Notification of May 1889, the words "and Potters" being inserted after the word "Jaggery" in the proposed Rule III. It will be seen from Rule VIII in Government Notification No. 11813/R.F.233-92, dated 14th January 1893, that Licenses for the cutting and removal of leaves from Date trees by rope-makers &c shall be

Enclosed, Sir

be restricted only to the groves or trees not reserved for the purposes of Toddy renenue.

4. I would also retain Rules 9 and 10 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft as Rules VII and VIII, the details as regards the forms of licences being left to the conservator of Forests. The additions — "or which are reserved for the purposes of Toddy Renenue" may be inserted at the end of clause (2) of the above proposed Rule VIII, in lieu of "or which have been set apart or are required for Excise purposes" as suggested by Government.

5. The proposed Rules VIII, IX, X, XI, XII and XIII in the Government draft being the same as Rules 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft, they may be adopted as Rules IX, X, XI, XII, XIII and XIV.

6. Rule 17 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft may be omitted.

omitted, the matter therein contained, being ——— already in force under a departmental order issued by Government.

7. Rule XIV in the Government draft may be adopted as Rule XV, the words "and Palmyra" being inserted after each of the two words "Bagani" therein. This addition is necessary not only for the conservancy of the existing Palmyra trees, but also on account of new Palmyra Plantations which are being raised for the purposes of Toddy.

8. A complete revised draft as now proposed by me, is herewith submitted.

Draft Notification under the Excise Act

9. The Government draft may be adopted subject to the modifications hereinunder mentioned:—

(1) The words—"or place of manufacture of Jaggary or Sugar" at the end of Rule XII may be omitted as being unnecessary—

unnecessary, in as much as jaggory or sugar can be manufactured only from pure and good sweet or unfermented Toddy, and it is the manufacturer's own interest to see that no bad or putrid Toddy is brought to his factory. Moreover, he will be liable to be prosecuted under the Excise Act if he keeps in his possession more than four seers of fermented Toddy. Vide Section 21 of the Excise Act

(2) Rule 15 was inserted in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft framed under the Forest Regulation, but a similar provision was not embodied in his draft under the Excise Act. The owners of Date trees in private lands are competent to do whatever they like with the leaves and wood of such trees; but Toddy with the exception of what is

intended

intended for the manufacture of Molasses or Sugar, being a Government monopoly; none but Government Toddy Vend Farmers, alone can tap such trees, and manufacture Toddy from them, on separate free Licenses obtained under Section 5 of the Excise Act. Vide clause (1) of para 7 in Government Notification No: 15931 / A-F210-92, dated 29th March 1895. Therefore Rules I, II, III, IV, VI, VII and XII in the Government draft, relating to the tapping of Date trees and manufacture of Toddy therefrom, are generally applicable to all Date trees — wheresoever they may be situated. Under such circumstance, the above Rules should be omitted in the proposed Rule XI in the Government draft, Rules V and VIII only being retained in it.

a copy put up -

10.

Sir

I beg to submit herewith a revised draft of the Notification, together with a modified form of the Tapping License which is now in force under Section 5 of the Excise Act.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

[signature]

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore

Draft Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 55 of the Excise Act XXII. of 1881, the Government of Mysore are pleased to prescribe the following Rules for regulating the issue of licenses under Section 5 of the said Act for the tapping of date trees and for the drawing of toddy therefrom.

I. No date trees shall be tapped except under a license in the prescribed form obtained in manner hereinafter mentioned

II. Free licenses for the manufacture of toddy by tapping date trees and drawing toddy therefrom shall

Vide Rules of Notification

shall be granted on the application of Toddy Cutters and Jaggery and Sugar cane farmers either by the Deputy Commissioner, or by some other officer empowered by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf.

III. No date trees shall be tapped save by professional and experienced persons.

IV. No date trees with stems less than 5 feet from the Springing of branches, shall be tapped except in localities where, in consequence of the trees being stunted in growth, the Deputy Commissioner authorizes an exception after due enquiry regarding the age of the trees concerned.

V. No date trees shall be over worked by being tapped

tapped oftener than every alternate year; or during such longer period of rest as may be prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner.

Sub para (1) (2) (3) para 17

VI. No incision for drawing toddy shall be made in contravention of such instructions as may, from time to time, be issued by the Excise Commissioner in this behalf.

Sub para (4) (5) & (6) of para 17.

VII. No toddy shall be drawn from any trees or groves other than those specified in the licence; nor shall any licensee have access to any such trees or groves save for the purpose of drawing toddy.

Rule 7 Condition III of T.T. No. 5

VIII. No licensee shall cut or use any date leaves except such as may have to be removed for the purpose of drawing toddy.

Condition 35 of Licence Form A.

IX

IX. All toddy drawn as above shall, as soon as the pots containing it, are removed from the trees, be conveyed direct to the farmer's depôt or, shop, or to his place of manufacture of Jaggary or Sugar, as the case may be, under general transport permits which will be granted free of charge by such Excise officer as may be authorized in this behalf.

X. No toddy shall be sold except in licensed shops. Free foot Sales or sales in the open are strictly prohibited.

XI. No toddy shall be kept in any grove between Sunrise and Sunset, except such fresh drawn toddy as may be contained in pots attached to stems of the trees concerned.

XII. No pots shall be attached to the stems of any trees before being properly washed, nor shall any water or putrid or bad toddy be kept in any pot or mixed with the toddy removed to any depôt or shop.

XIII. No toddy shall be drunk, or given for drinking, or otherwise disposed of, either in groves or under trees or during transit.

XIV The licensee or his agent or servant shall invariably carry the licence on his person, and shall produce it on the demand of any Excise Officer.

Condition 4 of "R.T.Rs"

XV. Nothing contained in pards V and VIII, shall be held to be applicable to toddy trees or groves not

not under Government
management in alienated
villages or lands, or to
toddy trees or groves not
specially reserved to
Government in occupied
assessed lands.

M Visvanatha

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Encl. 57

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under the provisions of the Mysore Forest Rules published in Government of India Notification No. 588 F., dated the 8th June 1878, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja hereby sanction the following subsidiary rules for regulating ~~the tapping of date trees in Government Forests, plantations and unoccupied Government waste lands, the extracting of toddy therefrom,~~ the cutting and removal of dead date wood and of leaves from ~~the~~ Date trees, ~~and for the conservancy of the trees.~~

I. No person holding a license under the Excise Rules, shall cut or use any leaves from Date trees, except such as may have to be removed for the purpose of drawing Toddy.

II. In localities where date groves are in excess of the demand for toddy, or they may not be required elsewhere for the supply of toddy, or where, "Kir Ichal" (Phaenix-farinifera) is not available, cultivating raiyats who are not professional rope-makers, basket-makers or mat-makers, may be allowed *free* the use of date leaves required for making ropes, or for other *bonâ-fide* agricultural purposes.

and Potters

III In localities specified by the Deputy Commissioner, the manufacturers of jaggory paying the Mohatarfa tax, may be permitted to remove dry date leaves for fuel, *free of charge.*

II / III

IV No leaves shall be cut for purposes specified in the above rules 3 and 4, except under licenses granted, *free of cost*, by the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

V Professional rope-makers, basket-makers and mat-makers may be granted licenses for date leaves, upon the payment of fees according to the following scale, *viz*:—

	Rs.
For six months or less ...	2
For more than 6 months or the entire year	4

Provided, that no such licenses shall be granted in localities where "Kir Ichal" is available for making baskets, mats, &c., or where date trees are scarce or not more than sufficient for the purposes of Toddy revenue.

VI The fees payable under rule 5, shall be paid to, and the licenses obtained from, the Amildar or such other officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Commissioner.

IV / V

VII The licenses granted under rules 4 and 5, shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the ~~Inspector General~~ Conservator of Forests, and shall specify the number of head or cart-loads permitted to be removed at a time during the period for which the licenses are granted; and it shall be discretionary with the officer granting the licenses, to fix the number of head or cart-loads to be entered in each license, with reference to the requirements in each case. The licenses shall not be transferable, and no person other than the license-holder or his *bonâ-fide* servant or a member of his family living with him, shall cut date leaves under the license: and the licenses shall be produced for inspection whenever required by any Revenue, Excise, Forest or Police Officer or Village Patel; and they shall be returned to the Amildar immediately on the expiration of the period mentioned therein.

VIII In the cutting of date leaves under the above licenses the following rules shall be observed:—

(1) The leaves shall be removed from such groves as may from time to time be named by the Deputy Commissioner with due regard to the requirements of Toddy farmers. Vend

(2) No leaves shall be cut from any trees from which toddy is being actually drawn, or which are reserved for the purposes of Toddy Revenue.

(3) No leaves shall be cut from young immature trees the trunks of which are less than two yards in height from the ground to the springing of the branches.

(4) No leaves shall be cut except from trees in such groves as may be specified in the license.

(5) Only two leaves from each of such trees shall be removed.

(6) The four tender leaves including the central shoot, shall never be removed.

IX 13. In localities where fuel is scarce, raiyats may be permitted to take dry date leaves and dead wood, *free*, for *bonâ-fide* private use, but not for sale.

X 13. In localities where ~~other wood is not available, and where~~ it is customary to use dead date wood for ~~building~~ purposes, such raiyats may obtain for building purposes date trees not fit for tapping, under paid licenses granted by the Deputy Commissioner, or such other officer as may be empowered by him ~~on~~ in this behalf, on the same terms as are applicable to other kinds of jungle wood.

14. ~~At seasons or famine, scarcity or drought,~~ In seasons of famine, scarcity or drought, raiyats may be allowed to cut date leaves as fodder for cattle, in such groves as may not be reserved for the supply of toddy, subject to the provisions contained in the above rule ~~11~~. VIII

XII Any breach of these rules or any of the conditions mentioned in the aforesaid licenses, shall subject the offender to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, or to the punishment laid down in Section 40 of the Forest Rules quoted above, and also to the forfeiture of any license granted under these rules.

on conviction before a Magistrate

16. The foregoing rules shall not apply to the date trees standing in alienated villages, or in the lands in occupancy of raiyats, or to "Kir or Hul Ichal."

XIII The fees leviable under these rules, shall not be let in farm.

XIV. The ~~following~~ foregoing Rules shall not apply to Date trees standing in alienated villages, or to those not specially reserved to Government in lands in the occupancy of ryots, or to "Kir or Hul Ichal."

XV The above Rules shall, as far as may be, apply mutatis mutandis to the cutting and removal of Bagni and Palmyra dead wood, or of leaves from Bagni and Palmyrah trees.

M Sherring
Excise Commissioner.

Mysore Govt. C. Press,—29-5-93.—12.

FORM OF TAPPING LICENSE OR PERMIT FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF TODDY. 63

Under the provisions of section 5 of the Excise Act XXII of 1881, ...

..... son of....., is hereby licensed

for the year 189 . 9 to draw or manufacture toddy from the trees in the undermentioned Survey numbers, subject to the following conditions :—

Name of Hobli.	Name of Village.	Survey Nos.	Number of trees.

Dated the day of 189 .

Deputy Commissioner
District.

* Note. Vide Condition (8) in para 7 of Government Notification No. 15931 / R.F. 210-92, dated 29th March 1895.

Excise Laws.

(1). No Date trees shall be tapped save by professional and experienced persons.

(2). No Date trees with stems less than 3 feet from the springing of branches, shall be tapped except in localities where, in consequence of the trees being stunted in growth, the Deputy Commissioner authorizes an exception after due enquiry regarding the age of the trees concerned.

(3). No Date trees shall be overworked by being tapped oftener than every alternate year, or during such longer period of rest as may be prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner.

(4). All Toddy drawn shall, as soon as the pots containing it, are removed from the trees, be conveyed direct to its destination, under cover of the prescribed permit.

(5). No Toddy shall be sold except in licensed shops. Tree-foot sales or sales in the open, or the disposal of Toddy in any other manner unauthorized by the Rules in force, are strictly prohibited;

(6). The Licensee or his agent or servant shall invariably carry the License on his person, and shall produce it on the demand of any Excise Officer.

(7). The Licensee shall be bound by the Excise Laws and Rules in force, or by any additional Rules which may, from time to

Excise.

SECTION

FILE No.

SERIAL No.

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

1896

7312

To

The Secy. to the Govt. of Mysore,

Dept.

Dated 24th March 1896.

Despatched 26th

Received

General No. 3769

No. 383

Enclosure No.

~~In reply to~~ This Office letter No. 3569/356, dated 6th March 18[illegible]

SUBJECT

Referring to the Rules regarding the grant of Government land for Coffee and Cinchona cultivation and "Kans", suggests that certain additional Rules about date trees in such lands may be inserted in the Notification under the Excise Act, submitted with the above reference.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Rev. Dept.
Excise Br. 27.3.96

27/3/96

No. 3769/383

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore, 24th/26 March 1896

65

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To,

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
General and Revenue Department

Sir,

With reference to para 15 of the Rules for the grant of Government land for coffee or cinchona cultivation, and to Government Notification No: 24560/A.3597, dated 22nd June 1895, relating to "Kans", I have the honor to state that it is necessary that additional Rules to the following effect, should be inserted in the Notification under the Excise Act, submitted with my letter No: 3569/356, dated 6th March 1896:-

XVI "The grantees of Government lands for coffee or cinchona cultivation

cultivation have the right to draw Toddy from the Toddy-yielding trees in their lands for the making of bread for their domestic purpose, or for the use of the members of their families, but not for sale, or for the use of their servants, laborers or other employees, the Government Farmers of Toddy Vend being alone entitled to draw Toddy for sale after obtaining the said grantees' consent."

XVII. "The occupants of "Kans" have the right to draw Toddy from the Toddy-yielding trees in their "Kans", only for the use of the members of their families, but not for sale, or for the use of their servants, laborers or other employees, the Government Farmers of Toddy Vend being alone entitled to draw Toddy for sale after obtaining the occupants consent.

XVIII.

XVIII. "The grantees of the aforesaid lands and the occupants of "Kans" are, however, bound to obtain the requisite licenses under Section 5 of the Excise Act for the manufacture of Toddy".

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

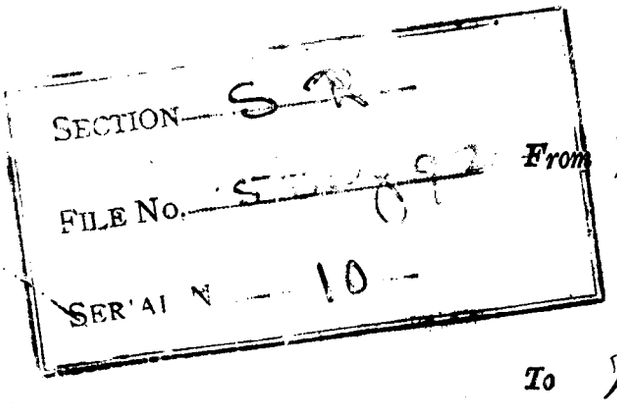
Your most obedient Servant

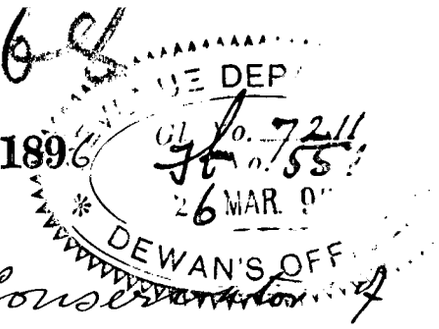
M Devinagar

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore

Gen. 31.]





1896

From The Conservator of Forests in Mysore

To The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore Rev. & General Department

Dated
Despatched } 24th March/96.
Received

General No. 2943
No. 275 } 1895-96

Reference — Enclosure No. / Govt Pro. No. 7856-7 Ex 232 dated 2d March 1896.

Submits for sanction and notification a set of revised rules and forms for cutting and removing leaves from date trees on Govt unoccupied waste lands and jungles.

Rev. for
24.3.96

24/3/96 Submitted to the Govt
11/4/96

No 2943 to 275

Office of the Conservator of Forests in Mysore,

dated, Bangalore, the 21st March 1896 / 24th

From

The Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore, Revenue and General Depts.

Sir,

With reference to Govt. Proceedings No. 7856-7, dated Ex. 232 the 2d instant, I have the honor to submit for approval and publication a Revised

Draft of Rules for regulating the Cutting and removal of date trees together with the necessary free and paid license forms prescribed therein.

2. As pointed out by the Excise Commissioner in para 2 of his letter no. 3569/356, dated the 6th instant, to your address, a copy of which has been forwarded to me by that Officer, the Rules published under notification no. 35 dated 10th May 1889 would appear to be more of a departmental nature, breaches of which might not be cognizable by Criminal Courts. In these circumstances, I am of opinion that the Rules as now revised should be published de novo

de novo under the Provisions of Forest Rules of 1878, the preamble of the proposed notification being altered accordingly.

3. In his letter above quoted the Excise Commissioner advocates the retention, in the proposed Forest Subsidiary Rules, of Rule 4 of his Printed Draft, relating to the tapping by professional toddy-drawers. But this appears an error from what he writes of the paucity of date groves in connection with the grant of licenses for date leaves. The proposed restriction i.e. "In localities where date groves are in excess of the demand for toddy, or they may not be required elsewhere for the supply of toddy, or where "Kiri Ichal" (*Phoenix farinifera*) is not

available" in rule 5 and
similar restriction in rule
8 of the Excise Commissioners'
printed draft might be adopted
in the joint interests of
Excise and Forest revenues.
~~But~~ I prefer however, the
arrangement in the old notifi-
=cation of 1889 with the three
clauses (a), (b) & (c) comprised
in rule II and relating to
the use of date leaves under
a free license as being
distinctive from that under
which the date leaves have
to be cut and removed under
a paid license, and I have
adopted the same: the condition
"the leaves required should
be removed from such topes
as may from time to time
be indicated by the Deputy Commr.
with

with due regard to the require=
=ments of the Government toddy
Contractor" at the end of clause
(b) of Rule II in the old notifi=
=cation, being removed and
inserted under the Rules to be
observed in the cutting of date
leaves as it seems to be a prop=
place for it, changing only the
word "Tope" into "Groves" and
the words "Government toddy
Contractor" into "Toddy vend farmers"
the word "potters" being a subse=
=quent addition, it might be
entered after "manufacturers
of jaggory" as proposed by the
Excise Commissioner.

4. The proposed rules VIII, IX & X
in Government draft which coincide

with Rules 12, 13 and 14 in the Excise Commissioner's printed draft are additions to the old Notification of 1889, and the Rules VIII & IX which permit the ryots to take free dry and green leaves for their fuel and cattle fodder in special cases, may be entered as Rules XII and XIII under a distinct heading "Special Concessions to ryots", inasmuch as they are not required to obtain free licenses for cutting and removing the same. This I have done making rule IX as rule VIII. Consequent on this alteration, the penal rule becomes the IX. The rules XII, XIV & XIII of the Government draft have become X, XI & XIV respectively.

I beg to point out that in the present

present Government draft the words, "In seasons of famine Scarcity or drought" remain without being altered as required by Government Proceedings No. 11042 R.7.306-92 dated 9th January 1894, in which the words "In exceptional seasons" were ordered to be substituted. I have, however, adopted the wording of the present Government draft in the above respect subject to alteration, if thought necessary.

5. The foregoing rules can only be framed and issued as applying to unoccupied lands and District Forests as defined in section 1 and referred to in section 26 of the Forest Rules of 1878 and therefore the State Forests and Plantations have been specifically

excluded from their operation.
But, as date trees are growing
in some of the State forests and
Plantations, they have to be
dealt with separately in view
to the revenue accruing from
the leaves and from the sale
of the right for tapping, being
credited to "Forests" as is the case
in Madras. I am now in Corres-
=pondence with the Excise Commissioner
as to how the right for tapping
the date trees in the State forests
and Plantations can be farmed
out or otherwise dealt with in
the absence of tree-tax system
prevailing in Madras. In the
hope of arriving at a satisfactory
arrangement in the matter ere long,
I have added a rule XV making
the rules in question applicable
to State forests also, with the ex-
=ception that the licenses be obtained

from

from the District Forest Officer
or from any other Officer
empowered by the District
Forest Officer on that behalf.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
H Campbell Walker Col.
Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

SECTION 3 C
FILE NO. [illegible]
SERIAL NO. 11

Draft

To

The [illegible]
Forestran
Lyon.

S/ 20th May 1896
23
Dsp
10203
No F.691

His letter No: 2943/275 D/24/3/96

Submitting for approval and publication a set of revised rules for the cutting and removal of date leaves.

Has the honour to ~~state~~ request that the result of the ~~Conservator's~~ correspondence ~~with the Executive~~ ~~Conservator~~ proposed regarding the rule XV, ~~the Forest Officer has added one, for regulating the cutting and removal of date leaves in the State Forests alluded to~~

referred to in para 8 of the above letter. Reports received subsequent to this date will be forwarded separately.

[redacted] correspondence on the subject may be forwarded early.

By Order

20/5/96
Secretary

11/4/96 11/4/96

Enclosure to ex-
80 fi,

No: 1298/119 en: 8

Office of the Conservator of Forests
in Mysore,
Dated, Bangalore 25th September
1896.

S. — 3 R.
FILE No. 5 - -

From The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

To, The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

With reference to your docket
No: 10203/Ex. 691 dated 20th may last, and
reminder No: 2874/Ex 100 dated 14th instant,
I have the honor to submit copies of
Communications noted on the margin
from which it will be seen that the
Excise Commissioner is prepared to
assign from the Excise to the Forest
Revenue

No: 11041/198 dy 11.9.96 with enclosures to Excise Commissioner
No: 1617/236 dy 11.9.96 from Excise Commissioner
No: 1265/242 dy 24.9.96 to ——do——

Revenue from the current fiscal year amounts four for every tree tapped in the state forests and plantations and that I agree to the same.

2. It will be further seen from the list I have furnished to the Excise Commissioner that out of 14000 and odd date trees counted in the several state forests and plantations only 300 are at present tapped by the Toddy Farmers and that they are all in the Bangalore District.

3. With the cooperation of the Excise Commissioner, I anticipate an appreciable amount of revenue in shape of rent in future from the date trees. This revenue is susceptible of further development when the question as to whether

whether the Forest Department is also entitled to the rent for the date, bagani and palmyra trees farmed out in the District Forests and unoccupied wastelands under the present farming or the proposed Tree Tax System, is decided in favor of that Department to which the revenue from leaves and wood of such trees is now credited. It is only then that the co operation of the Forest Officers and Subordinates for the protection of the trees from indiscriminate and unauthorized cutting of leaves to the prejudice of Toddy revenue can be enlisted in conjunction with the aid of Revenue Excise and Police Officers and Subordinates.

4. In connection with the draft Rule

Rules submitted with my letter no:
2943/275 dated 24th March 1896 to your address, the Excise Commissioner proposed in his Kanarese gadi (English abstract enclosed) no: 176 dated 5th Ultimo that a provision might be entered requiring the rayots &c to remove under a license the date leaves cut from the trees on their occupied lands. This I could not comply with for the reasons stated in my letter no: 878/160 dated 26th idem Copy of which as also copy of the Excise Commissioner's letter no: 1335/188 dated 27th of the same month are enclosed together with a print draft of Transit Rules therein referred to which has been circulated

to the Deputy Commissioners and
District Forest Officers for opinion,
pending which I solicit that the
draft Rules for regulating the cutting
and removal of date leaves may be
sanctioned and notified.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Appaya

for Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

Bell

Enclosure to 22.

No. 1104
198

Office of the Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.
Dated, Bangalore 11th September 1896.

From

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

To The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

As called for in para 1 of your letter No: 3788/804 dated 26th March last, I have the honor to forward a list of the State Forests and Plantations shewing the approximate number of Teak and Sagaru trees standing therein and to state that the information as to the trees now being tapped and the Farmers tapping them, has yet to be furnished by the District Forest officer, Kolar, in respect to the trees in the Royalpad Forest and Guntapalli Plantation and that the same will be supplied later on. There appear to be no Palmyra trees

any

anywhere.

2. It will be seen from the list above attended to that on the whole there are 14,259 big and small dale trees and 570 bagani trees, the ladder being found in a few State Forests and Plantations of the Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan Districts. Out of 410 bagani trees in the Shimoga District only 32 trees are being tapped by different Farmers while in the Hassan District the right of drawing toddy from each tree is sold by public auction annually by the Forest Department. In the Kadur District three trees are tapped viz 4 in one Forest and 6 in another and are not tapped at present. As regards dale trees excepting in the Bangalore District in which the Farmers of 3 different circles are now tapping the trees situated in the Savendroog, Kunigalgud, Makli and Chikka and Dodda Mannegeddi

Forests

Forests and also Mudgere Plantations
they are not operated upon in other
Districts and even in the other State
Forests of the Bangalore District in
which the trees are available.

3. I presume the information now
furnished may enable you to favour
me with your views on the subject
for communication to Government in
reply to the Secretary's docketed No: 10203 F 691
dated 20th May last, the publication
of the Rules for the cutting and removal
of dade leaves being apparently deferred
on that account.

4. The printed enclosure of your letter
under reply is returned.

I have &c
(Signed) J. Campbell Walker Colonel
Conservator of Forests.

Copy

Upper

Hon Conservator of Forests

886

No. 1617
886

Excise Commissioner's office,
Bangalore, dated 11th/12th September 1896.

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

Sir,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter No: 1104/198 dated the 11th September 1896, I have the honor to state that Toddy, which is a fermented liquor, being governed by the provisions of the Excise Act, the revenue from it, wheresoever the trees from which it is drawn, may be situated, has to be credited to "Excise Revenue". The rent for the usufruct of the trees situated in State Forests and Plantations, viz wood, leaves, fruits and the right to lease the trees for the manufacture of Toddy, has to be credited to "Forest Revenue". It is under contemplation to introduce into Mysore the "Tree-tax system", which is in force in the Madras Presidency,

and

and under which the tax or duty for Toddy levied at the prescribed rate, on each tree tapped in State Forests and Plantations, will be credited to "Excise Revenue," and the rent of such trees to "Forest Revenue."

2. During the currency of the present "Farming System," the existing practice of crediting the whole revenue to "Excise" should be continued, as the rent for the right to lease the trees for the manufacture of Toddy is not separately dealt with, but is comprised with the duty and license fees for the manufacture and sale of Toddy. If you are desirous of ascertaining what the proportion or share of the total realizations, to which Forest Department is entitled, should be transferred from "Excise" to "Forests," I would recommend that four annas for each tree tapped in State Forests and Plantations, (as in Madras), be transferred from "Excise Revenue" to "Forest Revenue" with effect from the current official

year

year 1896-97.

9C

I have, &c

(Signed) P. A. Purnaya

Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

"Copy"

Extract

For Conservator of Forests.

BM.

No. 1265
242

Office of the Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

Dated Bangalore 24th September 1896.

From

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

To

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No: 1617/236 dated 11th Instt. and to state that I agree to the proposed assignment from the Excise to the Forest Revenue from the current official year of annas four for every tree tapped in State Forests and Plantations during the currency of the present Farming System. If Government orders are necessary for effecting this arrangement I beg you will kindly obtain them.

2. It will be a question hereafter whether the Forest Department is not also entitled to the rental for the Date trees in District Forests including unoccupied waste lands since

series. The revenue from leaves and wood of such trees is credited to that Department.

3. As only a few trees are tapped at present in the State Forests of Bangalore and Shimoga Districts I request that necessary action may be taken by your Department for the farming out in other Districts of the trees that are fit to be tapped of which there appear to be thousands, notably in the Kudre Kanave and Bukkapatna State Forests of the Tumkur District and Jajoor and Bendekere Plantations in the Hassan District as shewn in the list already furnished to you.

I have &c

(Signed) J. Campbell Walker Colonel
Conservator of Forests Mysore

"Copy"

for Conservator of Forests.

Enclosure 93

No: 176.

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

If the revised forest rules since submitted by you for the approval of Government, do not contain rules requiring the ryots to remove the date leaves cut from trees growing on their occupied lands without obtaining a license, the same may now be kindly inserted and submitted to Government for approval.

2. As there are no such rules at present prohibiting the ryots from destroying the date trees, the trees are

in a bad condition and therefore request you to move the Government in the matter and obtain their orders at an early date.

/Sd/ P. N. Purnaya
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Copy
Attyappa
for Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

95 Enclosure 5.

No. 878/160

Office of the Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

Dated, Bangalore, 26th August 1896.

From

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

To The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to your yadi No: 176 dated 5th Instant, herewith returned with its enclosures, I have the honor to state that as you will observe from Rule XIV of the revised draft rules, copy of which was furnished to you with my letter No: 2952/476 dated 21st March last, the restrictions placed on the cutting of leaves in Government Date groves are held to be applicable only to the Date trees specially reserved to Government in lands in the occupancy of ryots.

2. The object now in view, viz to protect Government trees in the vicinity of those standing

standing on private lands, and not specially reserved, to Government can therefore apparently only be achieved by securing to Government by vesting or otherwise, the right to such trees wherever they are sufficiently important from their situation, thick growth and greater demand for fodder. This suggestion may not commend itself to you but I can think of no other as Government would I imagine consider it fair any restriction in regard to the exercise of their private rights would only harass the ryots and subject them to annoyance and extortion at the hands of petty officials of the Excise and Forest Departments.

2. The transit rules which I am framing will however bring under their scope all Forest produce removed from private lands within scheduled areas and the removal of fodder leaves within such

such areas would then have to be covered by a permit granted by the landholder or owner of the trees and checked by Government officials.

Beyond this restriction I am not prepared to suggest anything at present.

I have &c

(Signed) J. Campbell Walker Colonel
Conservator of Forests in Singapore.

"Copy"

Copy

for Conservator of Forests
in Singapore

Sgn.

No. 1335/188

Excise Commissioner's office.
Bangalore 27/28th August 1896

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore.

Sir,

In reply to your letter No: 878/160 of the 26th Instant, I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to move Government to publish early the Revised Rules regarding the cutting and removal of date leaves from private lands and Government reserves as leaves are now indiscriminately cut to the destruction of Date trees.

I have &c)

(Signed) P. N. Purnaya
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

"Copy"

Appaya
for Conservator of Forests.

SECTION C2 4

FILE No. 58-96 Gen. 30]

SERIAL No. 2 From

Revenue Consulted.

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

REVENUE DEPARTMENT
No. 1835
SEP 9 1898
DEWAN'S OFFICE

1898

4

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

General & Revenue Dept.s.

Dated 6th September 1898

Despatched 8

Received

General No. 1848

No. 95-

Enclosure No.

In reply to

SUBJECT.

Solicits orders of Government as to whether the Tree-rent of the toddy-yielding trees which may be required to be tapped in any Amrit Mahal Kavals by the licensees of the Shops in the C & M Station of Bangalore and Madras Presidency during 1898-99, should be credited to Forest Department or Amrit Mahal Department under para 15 of Rule IV in Govt. Notification No. 11676/Ex 416, dated 14th June 1898.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

15/9/98

I am afraid the question will not arise on the order of Govt. dated 21-12-93 as modified ~~by~~ the arrangement between the Forest & Revenue Depts. in regard to relations between the Amrit Mahal Kavals and the Forest Kavals which cannot be separated from the Amrit Mahal Kavals. (Consult both the Officers in charge of Amrit Mahal & Forest Kavals)

17-9-98

Nov 9-9-98

Submitted for orders.

The Forest & Min & A. M. Depts may see

No. 1848/95

Excise Commissioner's office
Bangalore, dated 6th September 1898

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore
General and Revenue departments.

Sir,

I have the honour to solicit the orders of Government as to whether the tree-rent of the toddy-yielding trees which may be required to be tapped in any Amrit Mahal Kavals by the licensees of the shops in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and Madras Presidency during the year 1898-99, should be credited to Forest department or Amrit mahal department, under para 15 of Rule IV in Government Notification No. 11676/6-416, dated 14th June 1898.

F. 7. 16 of 96
R. 16.

2. The Government in Proceedings No. 9966-75 R.T. 95-93 dated 21st December 1893, have laid down that the proceeds of the minor forest produce in Amrit Mahal Kavals, should be credited to "Forest Revenue", evidently on the ground that the Amrit Mahal Department has only the grazing right in the Kavals, and that all the trees standing thereon belong

belong to the Forest Department. Accordingly I am of opinion that the Tree-rent of the Toddy-yielding trees tapped in Amrit Mahal Kavals by the aforesaid licensees, should also be credited to Forest Revenue.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant
M Srinivasaya
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

SECTION SR

FILE No. 58-96

SERIAL No. 8

103

(5)

To (1) The Officer in charge of the ~~Septl~~ Amrita Mahal Septl Bangalore.

(2) The Conservator of Forests in Mysore Bangalore.

No 2431-2 Ex. 108 Sect.

Dated 20th September 1898.

20

In forwarding herewith copy of letter no 1848 & 96 dt 95 September 98 from the Excise Commr in Mysore, soliciting instructions as to whether the rent of the toddy yielding trees required to be tapped in Amrit Mahal Karabs by the licensees of the shops in the C & M Station of Bangalore & Madras presidency during 1898-99, should be credited to Forest Septl or Amrita Mahal Septl, has the honor to request that the Officer in charge of the (1) ~~Septl~~ Amrita Mahal Septl.

(2) Conservator of Forests will be so good as to ~~favour~~ express his opinion on the question raised by the Excise Commr.

"B O"

17/9/98

for Secretary

KG
17/9/98

(95)

In 123

SECTION 30 Gen. 30

FILE No. 5-3-78 From

SERIAL No. 84/15

REVENUE 2305 P.P. 18 1898 DEWAN'S OFFICE

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

6

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

General and Revenue Depts

Dated 21st September 1898.

Despatched 27th

Received

General No. 2653

No. 114

Enclosure No.

In ~~reply to~~ continuation of his letter No. 1848/95, dated 6th instant.

SUBJECT.

Submits for orders the particulars of tree-rent of the trees tapped by the licensees of the shops in the Civil & Military Station of Madras Presidency (to be credited to different departments to which the trees belong.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

Rev Secy
28-9-98

K.R. 3/9/98

No. 2655
114

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 21st September 1896
27

From

The Excise Commissioner, in Mysore

To

The Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. 1848/95, dated 6th instant, I have the honor to state that the Conservator of Forests is of opinion that the tree-rent of toddy-yielding trees tapped in all unoccupied Government waste lands which may be either assessed or unassessed, should be credited to "Forest Revenue" on the ground that the expression "District Forests" embraces all such lands. In the Mysore Forest Regulation of 1878, the expression "District Forests" is defined to be "all such unoccupied Government waste or forests outside the limits of State and Village Forests, & not situated in towns and villages, as has not been assigned at the Survey Settlement

Settlement to villages as free grazing land for common use, or for any other public or municipal purpose". — Accordingly I beg to submit that orders may be passed to the following effect: —

(1) The tree-rent of the trees tapped in ~~District~~ Forests, (viz all unoccupied Government waste lands, both assessed and unassessed, except free grazing lands and those set apart for public or municipal purpose), and Amrit Mahal Kavals, as well as State Forests and Plantations, by the licensees of the shops in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and Madras Presidency, should be credited to "Forest Revenue". But the Forest Range Officer's —

Countersignature

countersignature to the applications for trees in District Forests and Amrit Mahal Kavals, will not be required as in the case of those for trees in State Forests and Plantations under para 8 of Rule IV in Government Notification No. 11676, dated Ex. 476
14th June 1898.

(2) The tree-rent of the trees tapped by the said licensees in "Buffal-Gomal" or free-grazing lands, should be credited to "Land Revenue-Miscellaneous," and that of the trees tapped by them on lands belonging to any Municipality, should be credited to such Municipality.

2. In consideration of the aforesaid revenue being credited to "Forests", the Conservator of Forests has given

instructions

instructions to the Forest- officers to cause large quantities of date seed to be dibbled every year in forests and plantations and on sand dunes at Calicut.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most- obedient- servant-

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

(34)

Enclosures 108

WW 3/1074 Dy 2380

No 64

Annual Mahal Office.

Bangalore. 30 September 1898

(7)

To. The Secretary to the Government of Mysore.
General & Revenue Departm
Bangalore

No.

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter No 2431-2 & No: 108. of the 20th Instant - and to inform you that as the Toddy yielding trees are doubtless a part of the "Minor" "Forest Produce" referred to in Proceedings No 9966-75 dated RF 98-93 21st December 1893. the rent of the trees should under that Ruling be credited to the Forest Department

Enclosure Sl. 1.

But as the cost of guarding the Kavals (& the produce they contain) falls entirely on the Annual Mahal Department it would appear to me more equitable to credit that Department with all produce resulting from such care

I have the honor to be
Sir
your most obedt Servt
[illegible]

SECTION FR ft. 127

FILE No. 58-96-F-4

SERIAL No. 6-17

From

1898

(8)

THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
IN MYSORE

To.

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
GENARAL AND REVENUE DEPTS.

Dated 5th October 1898.

Despatched

Received

General No. 1458
No. 87

SUBJECT

Forwarding certain communications with his opinion regarding crediting treerent of toddy tree to forests.

Aw 6/10/98

Submitted with references

ks 11/10/98.

OFFICE OF THE

CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN MYSORE

Rev. Forests.

No. 1458 / 87 E 14

Dated Bangalore, 5th October 1898

From

COLONEL I. CAMPBELL WALKER,

Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE,

General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

With reference to your docket no 2431-2 / 5x108 dated 20th instant forwarding for my opinion copy of Excise Commissioner's letter no 1848/95 of the 6th idem, I have the honor to state that as tree rent is a revenue from juice of the toddy tree it is fairly creditable to "Forests" wherever such trees are tapped, either in Amrut Mahal Kavals or District Forests. I beg to submit copies of correspondence as per margin and invite attention to para 3 of my letter no 1298/119 dated 25th September 1896 to your address.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant

Conservator of Forests

Excise Commissioner's No 1675-3/324 1st Sept 98 Communicating copy of Conservator's docket to Conservator's letter No 1027-98 dated 19th idem

Communicating copy of Conservator's docket to Conservator's letter No 1298-2113 dated 25th September 1896 to Excise Commissioner

Conservator's letter No 1298-392 dated 25th September 1896 to Excise Commissioner

Enclosure in P.C.

1898

From The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

(8/a)

To The Comptroller of Mysore

Dated 29 August 1898

Despatched 31

Received

General No. 1615

No. 312

Enclosure No.

The Comptroller's letter No 146/R.E. dated 26th/27th instant.

In reply, has the honor to invite attention to Clause (10) of para 6 of Government Notification No. 1035-3/EX424 dated 27th April 1898, under which the Government have waived for the current year 1898/99 the levy of tree rent generally but it will however be levied for Government trees tapped for the supply of toddy to the shops in the Civil and Military Station and Madras Presidency

The prescribed "D" Challan contains the heads — "Tree rent" and "Local cess on Tree rent," so that the licensees of the shops in the aforesaid tracts will pay the rent and local cess thereon to the Treasury along with tree-tax. The applications T.T.4 for the trees in State Forests and Plantations have to be countersigned by the Forest Range Officers. As these applications will be presented to the Treasury with the Challans the Treasury Officer can at once credit to Forest Revenue the Tree rent of the trees entered in the applications Countersigned by Range Officers. The tree rent of the trees in allotted Government lands can at once be credited to Land Revenue. In these circumstances the undersigned is of opinion that there would be no necessity for any subsequent transfer and therefore no additional work would devolve on any Officer in the Treasuries.

Signed P. N. Purnayya
Excise Commr

No. 675
324

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 1st October 1878

Official memorandum

Copy of the foregoing is forwarded to the Conservator of Forests in Mysore for information.

Signed P. N. Purnayya
Excise Commr in Mysore

Copy

Conservator of Forests

Enclosure 113

1898. 8/b

From The Conservator of Forests in Singapore.

To The Comptroller in Singapore.

Dated 9th September 1898

Despatched

Received

General No. 1096
No. 84

Enclosure No.

With reference to the Excise Commissioner's — docket no: 1615/312 dated 29th ultimo to his address, has the honor to request that "Tree-rent" paid by applicants for tree-tapping licenses for trees in State Forests and Plantations, may be caused to be credited to "Forests" and shewn

under a separate head II of "Rent from toddy trees".

2. With regard to crediting to Land Revenue as suggested by the Excise Commissioner the tree-rent of the trees in all other Government lands which include District Forests and waste lands falling within the definition of "District Forests" the undersigned thinks that it should also be credited to "Forests" since the revenue from leaves and wood of date trees on such lands is credited to that Department. Para 3 of undersigned's letter No: 1298/119 dated 25th September 1896 to the Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department is enclosed for information. If the Comptroller requires orders of Government on the question he is requested to be good enough to obtain the same.

/sd/ J. Campbell Walker Col:
Conservator of Forests
in Charge.

1097/191 29/9/98

Copy forwarded to the Excise Commissioner, in charge, for information

Conservators' no: 691/110 of 30th July 91
Excise Commissioners reply no 1395/191
dated 6th August 1891.

with reference to his official memorandum no: 1615/324 dated 1st instant and also to the correspondence noted on the margin.

We favor of furnishing copy of Comptroller's letter no: 146/Ad. dated 26th ultimo referred to is requested.

/sd/ D. Campbell Walker
Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

Copy"

H Lumsden Walker
Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

DWRa

Enclosure to

116

1898

From The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

To The Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

Dated 13 } September 1898.
Despatched 14 }
Received

General No. 2204.
No. 393.

Enclosure No.

Sir

In reply to your official memo No: 109/191 dated 9th instant I have the honor to request to be informed whether assessed unoccupied waste lands are included in "District Forests." If such lands belong to the Land Revenue Department like free grazing lands, then it would be necessary

necessary for the Forest department to furnish lists of "District Forests" with the particulars of the villages and Survey numbers in which they are situated, to enable Excise and Revenue officers to cause the fees, pay of the trees tapped in them to be credited to Government.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant
(Signed) T. Venkata Rangayengar
for Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Copy"

Conservator of Forests
Mdy.

Enclosure 118

OFFICE OF THE
CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN MYSORE

Rev. Forests
No. 1286/219

Dated 20th Sept 1898.

From

COLONEL I. CAMPBELL WALKER,
Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

To

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 2204/393 dated 13th instant, I have the honor to request the favor of being informed if you are aware, of the practice obtaining in Madras as regards the Department to which the tree rent of trees on assessed unoccupied Government waste lands is credited. It will be a long time before I could obtain and furnish the lists required of what are "District Forests" but the expression "District Forests" as defined in the Forest Rules of 1878 embraces all

all unoccupied Government waste which may be either assessed or unassessed.

2. If the receipts from date leases, and w[illegible]
whether where they are cut either on assessed or unassessed waste, are at present credited to "Forests" regarding which I have addressed the Comptroller I do not see why any distinction should be adopted as regards tree rent which may likewise be credited to "Forests"

3. In the meanwhile, as the applicant for a tree tapping license is required by the form to enter the survey number which must be obtained from the Shanbogue of the village concerned, he can easily find out from him whether it is assessed or unassessed waste and note accordingly for the information of the Excise and Revenue officers. This will obviate the present necessity of having lists of District Forests furnished to your Department.

4. I beg to ask again to be favoured

favored with a copy of Comptroller's docket

No. 146 / R. E. dated 26th ultimo to your address

I beg to remain

Sir

Your most obedient servant

(Signed) J. Campbell Walker

Conservator of Forests

In Myore.

"Copy"

J. Campbell Walker

Conservator of Forests

Mysore

OFFICE OF THE

CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN MYSORE.

Rev Forests.

No. 1645 / 104 E! 2 Dated 3rd November 1898.

From

COLONEL J. CAMPBELL WALKER,
Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

SECTION

FILE No.

To

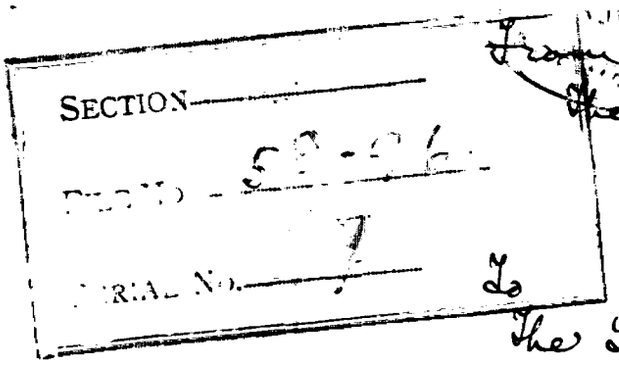
SERIAL No. B

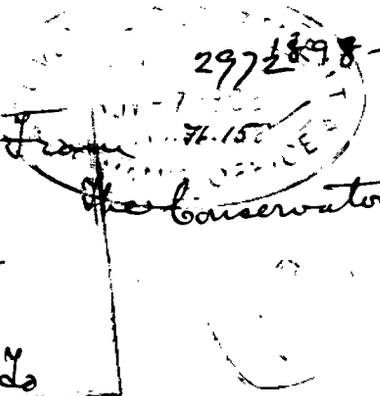
The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Gen. and Rev. Departments.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter no: 1458/87 dated 5th October last, I have the honor to forward copy of letter no: 2656/479 of 21/27th September 1898 from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore together with that of the comptroller therein referred to.

I have the honor &c.
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
Illegible
For Conservator of Forests
in Mysore





2972 1898-99 F. 167

From The Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

To The Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments

Dated -
Despatched.
Received.
General No. E. 2.
No.

Submits copies of correspondence re crediting the tree-rent of toddy-yielding trees in all unoccupied Government waste lands to "Forest Revenue" for information.

5.11.98

Excuse for note

6. & 7.

Excise Commissioner's Office

Bangalore, 21st September 27

Pro: 2656/479 Enc: 3.

9/6

From,

The Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

To, The Conservator of Forests

in Mysore.

Sir,

In reply to your letter Pro: 1286/219 dated 8/20th instant, I have the honor to state that in the Madras Presidency, the tree-rent of the trees tapped in all unoccupied — Government waste lands, is credited to "Forest Revenue", but that of the trees on lands belonging to the Public Works or Local Fund Departments, is credited to those respective Departments.

2. I beg to send herewith copy of a letter which I addressed to Government on the Subject.

3. A copy of Comptroller's docket Pro: 146/R.C. dated 26th ultimo, is herewith forwarded as requested.

I have &c.

Sd/ P. N. Purnaiya

Excise Commissioner

"Copy"

Sd/

For Conservator of Forests.

mvc.

Excise Department.

Office of the Comptroller of Mysore

Bangalore

No: 166 C
R. E.

26 th
27 th August 1898.

From.

E. R. Subbaraya Iyer Esquire
Comptroller of Mysore.

To. The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to clause 15 of para IV of the Toddy revised rules publis in Government Notification No: 11676 / 2+476 dated 16 th June 1898 that Sums collected on account of Tree-rent have to be credited to the respective Departments concerned, I have the honor to observe that this may be done either by specifying in each challan of the Excise Department the amounts to be credited to each of the Departments (Revenue, Forest, Amrut Mahal &c) or by crediting all the Collections in the first instance

to one head (Excise) and subsequently
transferring to the credit of the Departments
concerned their share of the Rent on
requisitions from those Departments.
Both the procedure will, I think, not only
involve additional work in the Treasuries
and in this office, but would also lead
to confusion and departmental disputes.
To simplify matters, I would suggest
that Excise Officers, after Toddy trees
are marked by them, may be instructed
to advise, without delay the departments
concerned (Forest, Revenue, Survey, Salt & Excise)
of the number of trees marked by them
in lands belonging to those Departments
so as to allow them to take necessary
steps and be responsible for the collection
of the amount of Tree-rent due to them,
and for crediting the same to their
accounts in the Treasuries. In case those
departmental officers find any difficulty
in the collection of the amount from the

farmers, Excise officers may be asked to help them in that respect.'

2. If you concur with me in the above views, I request you will kindly issue necessary instructions.

I have &c
/Sd/ E. R. Subbarayar
Comptroller

"Copy"

Attested

for Conservator of Forests
in Mysore

Draft for Govt

Subj: Trees.

(12)

Read in appl.

SECTION 3(a)
FILE No. 13/2/01 - 3 - C
SERIAL No. 6/8

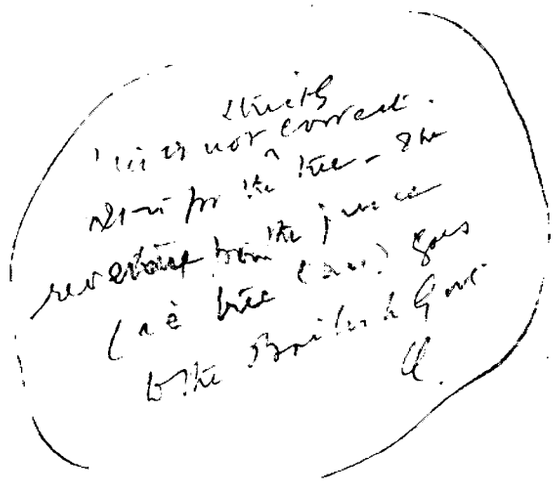
Letter no 1848/95 dated 11th September 1895 from the Excise Commr in reply soliciting orders of Govt as to whether the tree rent of the toddy yielding trees in any Amrita mahal Karals tapped by the licensees of shops in the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore and Madras presidency during the year 1895-96, should be credited to the Forest department, or the Amrita Mahal department, under para 15 of Rule IV of the tree tax rules published under in Govt notification no 11676/3a 416 dated 14th June 92 and stating that he is of opinion that the said tree rent ~~of the trees tapped in Amrita mahal Karals~~ should be credited to

to Forest Department on the analogy ~~that~~ the ~~minor~~ proceeds of the minor forest produce in Amrutha mahal Kavals are being credited to Forest Deptt as laid down in Govt proc no $\frac{9966-75}{\text{A7 }98-93}$ dt 21st December 1893.

2 Letter no 64 dated 30th September 1898 from the officer in charge of the Amrutha mahal Deptt, stating that though the tree rent of trees tapped in the Amrutha mahal kavals ~~of~~ doubtless forms part of the revenue from minor forest produce and should in that account be credited to Forest Deptt under the proc of 1893, it would appear to him more equitable to credit such revenue to Amrutha mahal Deptt on the ground that the cost of guarding the kavals falls entirely on the Amrutha mahal Deptt.

3. Letter no $\frac{145}{87}$ dated 5th October 1898 from the Conservator of Forests

stating with reference to this office no. 2431/27 dated 20th September 1899 that, as tree rent is a revenue from juice of the toddy tree, it is fairly creditable to "Forests" wherever such trees are tapped either in Amrutha mahal Kavals or District Forests.



No: 6149-52 dt 15/2/01
Rs 300 15-

Order:— for Conservator

Under the ~~order~~ no. 425-34/H.F.25-98 dated 8th January 1901, ~~dated~~ ~~issued by Government to~~ ~~the Forest Department~~, the Amrutha mahal Kavals including the forest growth therein are under the exclusive control and management of the Amrutha mahal department, and the government accordingly directs that the tree rent of the toddy yielding trees tapped in ~~Amrutha mahal~~ such Kavals

be

be credited to that department.

Secretary

To

The Excise Commr
in Mysore.
" Officer in charge of the
Amrith mahal deptt
" Conservator of Forests.
" Comptroller, M. E.

Copy to Secretary to Govt, Forest deptt, No 615 Ex 301 dt 15/2/04.

"B O"

14/2/

Secretary

HG
13/2/04

SECTION R

FILE No. 58-96

SERIAL No. 2

(13) 130

Read again :—

Government proc^s no 6149-52
8x 300

dated 15^th February 1901 directing that the tree rent of the toddy yielding trees tapped in Amrutha mahal Kavalu shall be credited to the same department.

Read :— dated 12^th April 1901,

The joint note of Mr. Pipon, Secretary to the Gov^t of Mysore, Forest Dep^tt and Major Jones, Officer in charge of the Amrutha mahal dep^tt, stating that for reasons assigned by them, the sales of "minor forest produce" shall be conducted as heretofore according to the order of 21^st December 1893. (In extenso).

No: 9447-50
Rev 7-9-99

Order thereon :—

Jas.

In Government Proc.

No. 9966-75 / C.F. 98-93 dated 21st December 93, it was laid down that the sale proceeds of "minor Forest products" of the Amrutha mahal Kavals should be credited to the head "Forests" (minor produce).

~~As toddy juice is also technically "Forest produce~~

In the petition and major Jones both are of opinion that, as toddy juice is also technically "Forest produce", the order passed in Govt Proc read above conflicts with the order of 21st December 93.

regarding the credit of the rent of the toddy yielding trees in Amrutha mahal Kavals, to the same department

For reasons now assigned Government direct that ~~now~~ pending further orders on the subject, the order of 21st December 93 should continue to be

in force in supersession of the orders passed on the 15th February 1901.

Secretary

To

The Excise Commr.
in Mysore.

" Officer in charge of the A. M. Deptt.

" Conservator of Forests.

" Comptroller, M. G.

9451 of 25/5/01
Ex. 7-9-99

Copy to Secretary Forest Deptt., with reference to his joint note dated 12th April 1901.

"B. D."

Secretary

4/5/01.

11/5/01

Office of the Excise Commissioner,
in Mysore.

No. 6456 Encl
408

Bangalore. Dated 8th June 1901.
11

From The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To The Secretary to Government of Mysore
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

As Treepent has to be levied from and after the 1st July 1901, at annas 4 per tree with local cess thereon on all Government trees tabbed for the tubbing of toddy by the shops whether within or outside the Mysore Territories, or within civil and military stations of Bangalore, in accordance with clause (10) of para 6, of Government notification No. 6981 / Ex. 343, dated the 7th March 1901, and as it has to be credited to the respective Departments to which the trees belong, agreeably to para 15 of Rule IV in Government notification No. 11676 / Ex. 476, dated the 14th June 1898, I have the honor to submit herewith for early approval the accompanying draft of a circular memo. which I propose to issue for the guidance of all concerned.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant
M Muniuswamy
Excise Commissioner.

8421
11/6/01 1901

FILE No.

SERIAL No.

the Excise Commissioner
in Lucknow.

The Secretary to Government
Gl. & Rev. Dept.

8th June 1901.
" do

6456
408
2

Submits for approval the draft of a circular memo proposed to be issued for the guidance of all concerned, in re the tree rent which has to be levied from and after the 1st July 1901.

R
12/6/1

Later reference
681 75-10 Sht-5 B 1901-2

Enclosure - Excise Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, Dated June 1901.

Draft Circular memo. 14/

1. As Tree-rent at annas 4 per tree with local cess thereon has to be levied with effect from 1st July 1901, on all Government trees tapped for the supply of toddy to the shops whether within or outside the Mysore Territories, or in the civil and military — Station of Bangalore, in accordance with clause (10) of para 6 of Government Notification No. 6981/Ex.343, dated 7th March 1901, and as it has to be credited to the respective Departments to which the trees belong, agreeably to para 15 of Rule IV in Government Notification No. 11676/Ex.476, dated the 14th June 1898, the following instructions are issued :—

(1) The Tree-rent of all toddy yielding trees in the State reserves specially notified as such by the Excise department, shall be credited to the Excise — Department.

(2) The Tree-rent of all toddy yielding trees in State Forests and Plantations, District Forests, and Village Forests, and Amrit mahal Kavals, should

be credited to the head – "Forests".

Vide Government Proceedings No. 9447-50 / Ex. Fi. 9-99, dated 25th May 1901. All assessed and unassessed unoccupied Government lands are included in the words – "District Forests." Vide definition of "District Forest" in Forest Regulation No. XI of 1900.

(3) The tree-rent of all toddy-yielding trees standing on free grazing lands of villages, assigned as such at the Survey settlement, should be credited to the head – "Land Revenue".

(4) The tree-rent of trees belonging to muzrey institutions, should be credited to such institutions.

(5) The tree-rent of trees belonging to the Public Works, municipal or any other Departments, should be credited to such Departments.

2. For the purpose of knowing the total demand of tree-rent, and the amount credited to the various departments as per para 1 supra, and the Balance outstanding, a Statement in the appended form 6B, is prescribed.

prescribed. It should be duly prepared and furnished along with the abstract Demand, Collection and Balance Statements 6 and 6A.

M Vencatagg

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

The Deputy Commissioners of Districts,
with spare copies for Amildars.

To the Excise Divisional Officers with spare Copies for Excise Supervisors.

Copy to the Comptroller for information with reference to his No. 380/R.S., dated 16th March 1899.

Copy to the Conservator of Forests in Mysore with reference to his letter No. 4100/221, dated 31st May 1901.

SECTION K

FILE NO.

SERIAL NO. 4a. 75

1379

Read (15)

The instructions are in accordance with Govt Order as passed; and I dont know if it was necessary to submit them to Govt at all. Draft approving is put up.

14/6/1907

To the 2nd Collr

Rec'd 14/6.

Letter no 6456/408 dated 8th June 1907 from the Excise Commr in Import, submitting for approval a draft of a circular memo proposed to be issued by him for the guidance of Officers concerned in the matter of crediting free rent to the respective departments entitled to it under the notifications nos 11676/Ex 476 of 14th June 1895 & 6981/Ex 346 dated 7th March 1907.

(In extenso)

Ct. 10352-92/Ex. F. 99. 1900 of 29/6/1907.

Order thereon.

The draft of instructions proposed to ~~approved~~ be issued is approved.

13/6/07. 14/6/01

Secretary

I should be glad to see what the Dy Secy thinks. 18/6/1907

Vide separate note 21/6/01

The Excise Commr
Comptroller.
Dy Commr of Customs
Chief Accts Officers of Departments.